Pion-LT Run Plan - Part 4A

November 5, 2021

7.937 GeV Beam Plan

Initial beam activities

While waiting for beam, configure the spectrometers for beam checkout:

1. Change SHMS polarity to negative. Carefully follow the magnet cycling procedure.

SHMS angle = 8.00 deg (from TV).
 SHMS momentum = -4.500 GeV/c (negative polarity and magnets cycled).

4. HMS angle = 13.00 deg (from TV)
5. HMS momentum = -3.000 GeV/c (negative polarity and magnets cycled).

6. Update standard.kinematics with the new settings (Reminder: all momenta should be entered as positive quantities).

7. Prescale GUI settings:

HMS singles DAQ disabled	all PS=-1
SHMS singles DAQ disabled	all PS=-1
COIN DAQ:	
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	0
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS3(HMS-3/4)	0
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	-1
$PS6(HMS-3/4 \times SHMS-3/4)$	-1
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz
cermode10	ON

Beam checkout.

Follow the notes at:

https://hallcweb.jlab.org/wiki/index.php/Beam_Checkout_Procedures including the "Carbon-hole" check to verify beam+target alignment and MCC raster size calibration.

> with no target in beam, ask MCC to deliver 70,004 briefly, just to be sue it is possible.

 $\sqrt{\cdot}$

• Fix beam angle at target.

Do this step only if MCC is unable to restore the beam positions used at the previous energy. Use the gui at: /home/cdaq/users/gaskelld/target_bpm/target_bpm.py Adjust 3H07Ax,y to remove slope while keeping 3H07Cx,y fixed

Recheck carbon hole and iterate as necessary.

SKIP FOR NOW

Items to be done as soon as possible at this energy (time determined by RC).

- Energy determination with arc.
 - The Run Co-ordinator will coordinate the timing of this with the Program Deputy. MCC will have to set up a clean dispersive tune. It is important for the Shift Leader to make a full hclog entry of the MCC data. Follow the "Hall C Beam Energy Measurement Procedure" at MCC Ops Doc: MCC-PR-06-004.
- BCM calibrations.

The Run Co-ordinator will coordinate the timing of this with the Program Deputy. This requires MCC's ability to reliably deliver 65-70 μ A beam, so this calibration might have to wait at least a few days. The BCM calibration procedure is at https://hallcweb.jlab.org/doc-public/ShowDocument?docid=957. Dave Mack will analyze the data later.

SKIP PAGES 3,4 FOR NOW

Calibration runs with SHMS at negative polarity

1. p(e,e')p Hydrogen elastic singles, and associated Dummy target runs.

Set up the following configuration:

- (a) HMS and SHMS angles and momenta as specified in the tables below. Both spectrometers are negative polarity, and will have to be cycled initially.
- (b) Record all TV angle values on run sheets and holog. Update *standard.kinematics* with the new settings.
- (c) 10 cm LH2 and "thick" dummy target data should be taken with the HMS large and SHMS collimators.

LH2 target runs.

- Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 1000 Hz, all others disabled (i.e. -1). As a guide, projected rates and PS factors are given in the table below.
- Projected beam currents are listed below, we desire to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz so adjust accordingly. Stable beam with 2×2 raster on.
- We want at least 10,000 elastics in the SHMS for each setting, which typically requires at least 700,000 total electron events (times are only a guide). The total event estimate in right-most column includes inelastics.

Thick Dummy target runs:

One run for each angle and momentum setting, current limit: 40 μ A.

To be efficient, please minimize target changes and do LH2, Dummy for first setting, followed by Dummy, LH2 for second setting, etc.

46	7.937 GeV Heep-check singles runs											
θ_{HMS}	P_{HMS}	θ_{SHMS}	P_{SHMS}	Current	$Rate_{HMS}$	$\frac{PS4}{HMS}$	$Rate_{SHMS}$	$\frac{PS2}{SHMS}$	$\frac{T'ime}{LH2run}$	$\frac{Time}{ALrun}$	Evt_{SH}	
19.88	-5.202	8.26	-7.337	30 μ A	$0.57~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	480 kHz	10	10 min	6 min	560k	
23.53	-4.707	10.26	-6.538	$70 \ \mu A$	0.23 kHz	0	365 kHz	9	10 min	6 min	860k	
23.53	-4.707	17.79	-5.512	$70 \ \mu A$	$0.23~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	7.5 kHz	3	$10 \min$	6 min	875k	
25.02	-4.395	19.88	-5/422	70* μA	0.28 kHz	0	2.0 kHz	0	10 min	6 min	780k	
		2	* Bea	ım current	may need to	be low	vered if deadti	ime >15%	6			
25.02	-4.395	23.53	-4.605	$70 \ \mu A$	0.28 kHz	0	0.9 kHz	0	$10 \min$	6 min	320k	
31.15	-3.738	23.53	-4.605	$70 \ \mu A$	0.10 kHz	0	0.9 kHz	0	10 min	0 min	320k	
31.15	-3.738	31.15	-3.493	$70 \ \mu A$	0.12 kHz	0	0.2 kHz	0	150 min	$15 \min$	750k	
	Total Time (including overhead): 11.6 hrs											

2. Luminosity scans on LH2, LD2 and z = 0 Carbon targets.

This scan relies on MCC's ability to deliver stable high beam currents. If they can not, then RC will instruct whether to defer the luminosity scan later in the experiment.

- (a) Reduce the HMS momentum to $-4.100~{\rm GeV/c}$, and the SHMS momentum to $-4.500~{\rm GeV/c}$, both negative polarity.
- (b) Rotate the HMS to 12.50 degrees, and the SHMS to 8.50 degrees. Record the TV camera angles on the runsheet to 0.005 degree accuracy.
- (c) ELREAL trigger in both arms. Set the PS2, PS4 target DAQ rates to 1 kHz, to give a total rate to disk of about 2 kHz.
- (d) Make sure the raster is on (2×2) , and take HMS and SHMS runs at 70, 55, 40, 25, 18, 10, 5 μ A on LH2 target. Start at the highest current, then go down in current and repeat.
- (e) Try to get runs with a minimum of beam trips (if possible).
- (f) Repeat the scans with LD2 target at 40, 25, 18, 10, 5 μ A. (70, 55 μ A rates on LD2 are too high and can be excluded.)
- (g) Take one Thick Dummy target run at $40 \mu A$. 125,000 electrons per run, about 0.3 hour. During this run, the Target Operator should park the LH2 target and prepare for LD2 data taking.
- (h) Repeat the scans with Carbon 0.5% r.l. target. To compensate for the thinner target, do 20 minute instead of 10 minute runs.
- (i) An expert (Jacob?) should do a sanity-check of the EDTM (and any other hardware deadtime measurement system) by comparing runs over a range of detector rates but with low software deadtimes.

	7.937 GeV Luminosity Scans										
μ A	Targets	$\frac{Rate_{SHMS}}{LHrun}$	$\frac{PS2}{SHMS}$	$\frac{Rate_{HMS}}{LHrun}$	$\frac{PS4}{HMS}$	DAQ_{SHMS}	DAQ_{HMS}	$rac{Time}{run}$			
	$\theta_{HMS} = 12.50, P_{HMS} = -4.100 \text{ GeV/c}, \theta_{SHMS} = 8.50, P_{SHMS} = -4.500 \text{ GeV/c}$										
70	LH2, C	1110 kHz	10	170 kHz	8	1 kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	$10 \min$			
55	LH2, C	$875~\mathrm{kHz}$	10	135 kHz	7	kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	$10 \min$			
40	LH2, LD2, Dummy, C	$635~\mathrm{kHz}$	10	97 kHz	7	1 kHz	$1 \mathrm{~kHz}$	$10 \min$			
25	LH2, LD2, C	$400~\mathrm{kHz}$	9	61 kHz	6	1 kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	$10 \min$			
18	LH2, LD2, C	$285~\mathrm{kHz}$	8	44 kHz	6	1 kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	$10 \min$			
10	LH2, LD2, C	$160~\mathrm{kHz}$	8	24 kHz	5	1 kHz	1 kHz	$10 \min$			
5	LH2,LD2,C	$80~\mathrm{kHz}$	7	12 kHz	4	1 kHz	1 kHz	10 min			

NOW GOTO PAGE 15

Total Time (including overhead): 7 hrs

VDO THIS AFTER BEAM CHECKOUT

Q²=6.00, W=2.40, x=0.55, low ϵ data taking – PART ONE

Nomin	$Q^2 = Q^2$	6.00 Ge	V^2/c^2 , V	W = 2.40 GeV	V, x = 0.55	Kinematics
E_e	$E_{e'}$	$\theta_{e'}$	ϵ	t	p_{π}	θ_q
GeV	GeV	deg		$(\mathrm{GeV/c})^2$	${\rm GeV/c}$	deg
7.937	2.139	34.58	0.439	0.531	5.512	-11.12

1. $d(e, e'\pi^-)pp_{sp}$ LD2 SHMS right $(\theta = 9.12^o)$ run.

Set up the following configuration:

- (a) HMS angle = 34.58 (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- \bigvee (b) HMS momentum = -2.139 GeV/c. Negative polarity.
- √ (c) SHMS angle = 9.12 deg (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- √ (d) SHMS momentum = -5.512 GeV/c. Negative polarity. Follow the magnet cycling procedure.
- $\sqrt{\text{(e)}}$ 10 cm LD2 target.
 - (f) $\underline{\text{Update } standard.kinematics}$ with the new settings, using neutron mass for the target.
- $\sqrt{\rm (g)}$ Adjust the beam current to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz. We project the current for this run to be about 25 μ A. Do not change PS5=0!
- \checkmark (h) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 25 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 260 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:					
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	13				
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1				
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1				
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	3				
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0				
$PS6(HMS-3/4\times SHMS-3/4)$	-1				
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz				
cermode10	ON				

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	e^- rate	π^- rate	K^- rate	$(e^- + \frac{\pi^-}{5}) \cdot (e^- + \pi^- + K^-)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$0.3~\mathrm{kHz}$	$1.4~\mathrm{kHz}$	466 kHz	$53~\mathrm{kHz}$	2.8 kHz	23 Hz	0.07-0.15 Hz

(i) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.

later owl shift

Run 13456

(i) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.

-

- (k) Take data for 30 hours (at 100% efficiency) at 25 μ A to get about 17,000 d(e, e' π)pp_{sp} coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total. It Due to low rate, we do only ~24hm @ 50% offic. \Rightarrow 1 669 π
- 2. $Al(e, e'\pi^-)X$ Thick Dummy target SHMS right $(\theta = 9.12^{\circ})$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target $(\pm 5 \text{ cm})$ and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LD2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: $40 \mu A$.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 3.0 hour (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

- 3. $d(e, e'\pi^-)pp_{sp}$ LD2 SHMS center $(\theta = 11.12^o)$ run.
 - (a) Move the SHMS to 11.12 deg (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
 - (b) Put in the LD2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet settings unchanged.
 - (c) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings, using neutron mass for the target.
 - (d) Adjust the beam current to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz. We project the current for this run to be about 70 μ A. Do not change PS5=0!
 - (e) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 280 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:	
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	13
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	5
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0
PS6(HMS-3/4×SHMS-3/4)	-1
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz
cermode10	ON

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	e^- rate	π^- rate	K^- rate	$(e^- + \frac{\pi^-}{5}) \cdot (e^- + \pi^- + K^-)$	$e^-\cdot\pi$
0.8 kHz	$3.8~\mathrm{kHz}$	$452~\mathrm{kHz}$	$44~\mathrm{kHz}$	$2.5~\mathrm{kHz}$	62 Hz	0.2-0.4 Hz

- (f) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
- (g) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (h) Take data for 11-hours (100% efficiency) at 70 μ A to get about 17,000 d(e, e' π ⁻)pp_{sp} coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.

4. $\widehat{\mathrm{Al}(e,e'\pi^-)X}$ Thick Dummy target SHMS center $(\theta=11.12^o)$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LD2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: $40 \mu A$.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 1.1 hours (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

- 5. $d(e, e'\pi^-)pp_{sp}$ LD2 SHMS left $(\theta = 13.12^o)$ run.
 - (a) Move the SHMS 13.12 deg (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
 - (b) Put in the LD2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet settings unchanged.
 - (c) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings, using neutron mass for the target.
 - (d) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 200 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:	
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	12
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	5
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0
PS6(HMS-3/4×SHMS-3/4)	-1
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz
cermode10	ON

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HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	e^- rate	π^- rate	K^- rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (e^{-} + \pi^{-} + K^{-})$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
0.8 kHz	3.8 kHz	158 kHz	$12~\mathrm{kHz}$	0.7 kHz	21 Hz	0.2-0.4 Hz

- (e) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
- (f) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (g) Take data for 11-hours (at 100% efficiency) at 70 μ A to get about 17,000 d(e, e' π ⁻)pp_{sp} coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.

6. $Al(e, e'\pi^-)X$ Thick Dummy target SHMS left $(\theta = 13.12^{\circ})$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LD2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: 40 μ A.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 1.1 hours (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

SJOK 03/12/21 - After N | day running get N 1.2T/m C Run for 4P hours -> ~ 2400 T (48 more 2 hours dummy target Q2=3.85, W=3.07, x=0.31, low & data taking - PART ONE Move on Saturday CHAILLES

Nominal Q^2 =3.85 GeV ² / c^2 , W =3.07 GeV, x =0.31 Kinematics								
E_e	$E_{e'}$	$\theta_{e'}$	ϵ	t	p_{π}	θ_q		
${ m GeV}$	${ m GeV}$	\deg		$({\rm GeV/c})^2$	GeV/c	\deg		
7.937	1.332	35.12	0.288	0.120	6.538	-6.39		

1. $\left[d(e, e'\pi^{-})pp_{sp}\right]$ LD2 SHMS left $(\theta = 8.39^{o})$ run.

Set up the following configuration:

- (a) HMS angle = 35.12 (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- (b) HMS momentum = -1.332 GeV/c. Negative polarity.
- (c) SHMS angle = 8.39 deg (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- (d) SHMS momentum = -6.538 GeV/c. Negative polarity. Follow the magnet cycling procedure.
- (e) 10 cm LD2 target.
- (f) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings, using neutron mass for the target.
- (g) Adjust the beam current to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz. We project the current for this run to be about 20 μ A. Do not change PS5=0!
- (h) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz.
- For μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 620 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:	
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	13
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	7
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0
PS6(HMS-3/4×SHMS-3/4)	-1
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz
cermode10	ON

Cet N 60-70/h

HMS	$_{ m HMS}$	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	e^- rate	π^- rate	K^- rate	$(e^- + \frac{\pi^-}{5}) \cdot (e^- + \pi^- + K^-)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
0.4 kHz	31 kHz	$635~\mathrm{kHz}$	14 kHz	$0.5~\mathrm{kHz}$	360 Hz	$0.09~\mathrm{Hz}$

(i) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.

- (j) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- to compensate.
 (k) Take data for 25 hours (at 100% efficiency) to get about $\frac{3000}{8,300}$ d(e, e' π^-)pp_{sp} coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.
- 2. $\overline{\left(\text{Al}(e,e'\pi^-)X\right)}$ Thick Dummy target SHMS left $(\theta=8.39^o)$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (±5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LD2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: $40 \mu A$.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 2.5 hour (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

Edit + SFDK 03/12/21

- 3. $d(e, e'\pi^-)pp_{sp}$ LD2 SHMS center $(\theta = 6.39^o)$ run.
 - (a) Move the SHMS to 6.39 deg (from TV). The Run Co-ordinator will need to arrange in advance which expert personnel (e.g. Amy Comer, Steve Lassiter) need to monitor remotely. Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
 - (b) Put in the LD2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet settings unchanged.
 - (c) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings, using neutron mass for the target.
 - (d) Adjust the beam current to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate comfortably below 1 MHz. We project the current for this run to be about 6 μ A. Do not change PS5=0!
 - (e) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For $6~\mu A$ beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 400 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:	
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	14
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	5
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0
$PS6(HMS-3/4 \times SHMS-3/4)$	-1
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz
cermode10	ON

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	e^- rate	π^- rate	K^- rate	$(e^- + \frac{\pi^-}{5}) \cdot (e^- + \pi^- + K^-)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
0.1 kHz	9.3 kHz	978 kHz	16 kHz	0.6 kHz	170 Hz	0.03 Hz

- (f) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
 - HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take daily 1 hour runs with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
 - (h) Take data for 83 hours (100% efficiency) at 6 μ A to get about 8,300 d(e, e' π ⁻)pp_{sp} coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.

6000 events (see holog 3956374) 4. $Al(e, e'\pi^{-})X$ Thick Dummy target SHMS center $(\theta = 6.39^{\circ})$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LD2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: $40 \mu A$.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 8.3 hours (100% efficiency) at 20–40 μA .

3 hours @ 30HA done of of 9/12/21 -> Done?

NOW GO BACK TO PAGES 3,4 AND DO

HEEP SINGLES + LUMI SCAN

EDTM Study Run Plan

Jacob Murphy

2021/11/29

Aside from something to do if there is no beam, we want to make sure we are understanding how the EDTM is being accepted. There are some questions regarding EDTM overlap with two single-arm triggers, as well as how varying prescales affect EDTM accepted. The DAQ prescale GUI presently sets EDTM accepted rate (EDTM rate to disc) by:

$$EDTM_A = \frac{EDTM_S}{PSF_{min}} \tag{1}$$

Where $EDTM_A$ is the accepted EDTM rate, $EDTM_S$ is the scalar EDTM rate (equivalent to the clock rate), and PSF_{min} is the minimum positive prescale factor of the 6 pre-triggers used by the DAQ. To make $EDTM_A$ match the desired value in the GUI, $EDTM_S$ is adjusted.

In any run using a non-prescaled trigger, Equation 1 is correct. When this is not the case, as with most of our luminosity runs, this equation will not necessarily hold. The EDTM sent to the various pTrigs will be accepted at de-synchronous rates (such as every 2 vs every 5). In the case where there are 2 non-zero prescale factors, and the smaller is not a factor of the larger, then:

$$EDTM_A = \frac{EDTM_S}{PSF_{min}} + \frac{EDTM_S}{PSF_{max}} - \frac{EDTM_S}{PSF_{min} * PSF_{max}}$$
(2)

where the second term is the EDTM accepted rate through the higher prescale factor, and the third term is the EDTM accepted rate through both prescale factors. The third term is subtracted as we assume only one EDTM accepted event is saved per pulse.

The goals for this study are:

- Check EDTM accepted for single-arms only
- Confirm EDTM accepted is not double-counted for non-coin triggers
- Measure EDTM accepted rate for varying prescale factors greater than 1
 - For singles data (pTrig 2 and 4)
 - For COIN data (pTrig 1, 4, and 5)

The last item will be useful for analysis of the prescaled COIN data from early in the experiment.

Runo 13590 - 13630

EDTM Study with No Beam

PS1	PS2	PS3	PS4	PS5	PS6	EDTM Rate Set	Time
-1	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min 🗸
-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	-1	-1	0	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min ν
-1	-1	-1	-1	0	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min ✓
-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	10 Hz	5 min 🗸
-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min 🗸
-1	0	-1	0	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	0	-1	0	-1	-1	$100~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	1	-1	0	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min ✓
-1	1	-1	0	-1	-1	$100~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min 🗸
1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	100 Hz	5 min 🗸
0	-1	-1	0	0	-1	10 Hz	5 min ✓
3	-1	-1	2	1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
4	-1	-1	2	1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
0	-1	-1	1	2	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1 Hz	5 min
1	-1	-1	2	-1	-1	1 Hz	5 min
1	-1	-1	3	-1	-1	$1~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
2	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	$1~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
3	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	$1~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	$1~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
1	-1	2	1	-1	-1	$1~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
1	-1	3	1	-1	-1	$1~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	2	-1	1	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min ✓
-1	2	-1	2	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	2	-1	3	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	2	-1	4	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min 🗸
-1	2	-1	5	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	2	-1	6	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	2	-1	7	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	$5 \min \checkmark$
-1	2	-1	8	-1	-1	10 Hz	$5 \min \mathbf{v}$
0	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min 🗸
1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🗸
-1	-1	0	-1	-1	-1	$10~\mathrm{Hz}$	5 min 🖍
-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	10 Hz	5 min 🗸
-1	9	-1	7	-1	-)	16,160Hz	√

This is listed in priority order, so please just do what you have time for.

0 300

Calibration runs with SHMS at negative polarity

- 1. (p(e, e')p) Hydrogen elastic singles, and associated Dummy target runs. Set up the following configuration:
 - (a) HMS and SHMS angles and momenta as specified in the tables below. Both spectrometers are negative polarity, and will have to be cycled initially.
 - (b) Record all TV angle values on run sheets and holog. Update *standard.kinematics* with the new settings.
 - (c) 10 cm LH2 and "thick" dummy target data should be taken with the HMS large and SHMS collimators.

 While setting the spectrometers the to should un park the LHz LH2 target runs:
 - Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 1000 Hz, all others disabled (i.e. -1). As a guide, projected rates and PS factors are given in the table below.
 - Projected beam currents are listed below, we desire to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz so adjust accordingly. Stable beam with 2×2 raster on.
 - We want at least 10,000 elastics in the SHMS for each setting, which typically requires at least 700,000 total electron events (times are only a guide). The total event estimate in right-most column includes inelastics.

Thick Dummy target runs:

One run for each angle and momentum setting, current limit: 40 μ A.

To be efficient, please minimize target changes and do LH2, Dummy for first setting, followed by Dummy, LH2 for second setting, etc.

	7.937 GeV Heep-check singles runs											
Λħ	θ_{HMS}	P_{HMS}		P_{SHMS}	Current	$Rate_{HMS}$	$\frac{PS4}{HMS}$	$Rate_{SHMS}$	$\frac{PS2}{SHMS}$	$\frac{Time}{LH2run}$	$\frac{Time}{ALrun}$	Evt_{SH1}
9	19.88	-5.202		-7.337	30 μ A	$0.57~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	480 kHz	10	10 min	6 min	560k
V	-23.53		210.26	-6.538	$70~\mu\mathrm{A}$	$0.23~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	$365~\mathrm{kHz}$	9	10 min	6 min	860k
P	23.53	-	5 217.79	-5.512	$70 \ \mu A$	$0.23~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	$7.5~\mathrm{kHz}$	3	10 min	6 min	875k
H	(25.02)	-4.395	99.88	-5.422	$70^* \mu A$	$0.28~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	2.0 kHz	0	10 min	6 min	780k
1		1	1/	* Bea	m current	may need to	be low	ered if deadti	me > 15%	70	,	
1	25.02	-4.395		-4.605	$70 \ \mu A$	$0.28~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	$0.9~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	$10 \min$	6 min	320k
	31.15	-3.738	-23.53 [*]	-4.605	$70~\mu\mathrm{A}$	$0.10~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	0.9 kHz	0	10 min	0 min	320k
);	31.15	-3.738	531.15	-3.493	$70~\mu\mathrm{A}$	$0.12~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	$0.2~\mathrm{kHz}$	0	150 min	$15 \min$	750k
	Total Time (including overhead): 11.6 hrs											

these, but on plan is to do all of hose runs.

2. Luminosity scans on LH2, LD2 and z = 0 Carbon targets.

This scan relies on MCC's ability to deliver stable high beam currents. If they can not, then RC will instruct whether to defer the luminosity scan later in the experiment.

- (a) Reduce the HMS momentum to -4.100 GeV/c, and the SHMS momentum to -4.500 GeV/c, both negative polarity.
- (b) Rotate the HMS to 12.50 degrees, and the SHMS to 8.50 degrees. Record the TV camera angles on the runsheet to 0.005 degree accuracy.
- (c) ELREAL trigger in both arms. Set the PS2, PS4 target DAQ rates to 1 kHz, to give a total rate to disk of about 2 kHz.
- (d) Change the EDTM target rate from 10 Hz to 25 Hz.
- (e) Make sure the raster is on (2×2) , and take HMS and SHMS runs at 70, 55, 40, 25, 18, 10, 5 μ A on LH2 target. Start at the highest current, then go down in current and repeat.
- (f) Try to get runs with a minimum of beam trips (if possible).
- (g) Repeat the scans with LD2 target at 40, 25, 18, 10, 5 μ A. (70, 55 μ A rates on LD2 are too high and can be excluded.)
- (μ) Take one Thick Dummy target run at 40 μA. 125,000 electrons per run, about 0.3 hour.

 9 During this run, the Target Operator should park the LH2 target and prepare for LD2 data taking. PS2 = 9 , PS4 = 6 For dumny byt run
- (i) Repeat the scans with Carbon 0.5% r.l. target. To compensate for the thinner target, do 20 minute instead of 10 minute runs.

			7.93	7 GeV L	uminosity S	Scans			,
	μ A	Targets	$\frac{Rate_{SHMS}}{LHrun}$	$\frac{PS2}{SHMS}$	$\frac{Rate_{HMS}}{LHrun}$	$\frac{PS4}{HMS}$	DAQ_{SHMS}	DAQ_{HMS}	$\frac{Time}{run}$
		$\theta_{HMS} = 12.50, I$	$P_{HMS} = -4.10$	00 GeV/c	$\theta_{SHMS} =$	8.50, F	$P_{SHMS} = -4.500$	GeV/c	
	70	LH2,	$1110~\mathrm{kHz}$	10	170 kHz	8	1 kHz	1 kHz	10 min
	55	JH2, 6	875 kHz	10	$135~\mathrm{kHz}$	7	1 kHz	1 kHz	$10 \min$
	40	LUZ, Dummy, LD2 C	$635~\mathrm{kHz}$	10	97 kHz	7	1 kHz	1 kHz	$10 \min$
	25	112, LB2, Q	400 kHz	9	61 kHz	6	1 kHz	1 kHz	10 min
	18	1112, 112, C	285 kHz	8	44 kHz	6	1 kHz	1 kHz	10 min
	10	LH2, LD2, C	$160~\mathrm{kHz}$	8	$24~\mathrm{kHz}$	5	1 kHz	1 kHz	10 min
-	5	JH2, LD2, C	$80~\mathrm{kHz}$	7	12 kHz	4	1 kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	10 min

Goingto OTM

Total Time (including overhead): 7 hrs

1 10/5/12/21 Day 12/12/21

- 3. EDTM Deadtime and Trigger Study with z = 0 Carbon target
 - (a) Do the following scan with the Carbon 0.5% r.l. target, setting the Prescale and EDTM target values according to the table below.
 - (b) Note that for some runs, only one singles trigger type is enabled, while for others, singles events are obtained for both arms.
 - (c) We would like at least 10k EDTM events for each setting. Use the physics replay to confirm that enough events are taken.
 - (d) After the studies are over: Return the EDTM target rate to 10 Hz.

	7.937 GeV EDTM Deadtime and Trigger Study									
	μA	Target	EDTM Rate	Trigger	$\frac{PS}{HMS}$	$\frac{PS}{SHMS}$	Time			
	10	C	$25~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS1 & PS3	1 kHz	1 kHz	5 min			
	10	\mathbf{C}	$25~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS2	0	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	5 min			
	10	C	$25~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS4	1 kHz	0	5 min			
	10	C	$50~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS2 & PS4	1 kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	5 min			
	10	С	$100~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS2 & PS4	1 kHz	1 kHz	5 min			
V	55	С	$25~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS1 & PS3	1 kHz	1 kHz	5 min			
レ	55	С	$25~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS2	0	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	$5 \min$			
V	55	- C	$25~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS4	1 kHz	0	5 min			
£4-	55	С	$50~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS2 & PS4	1 kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	5 min			
-	\ 55	С	$100~\mathrm{Hz}$	PS2 & PS4	1 kHz	$1~\mathrm{kHz}$	5 min			
Total Time: 1 hr										

Redo a heep setting how page 3.

	TENT	ATIVE	PLAN T	o DEC	2)	21,12,13
-		LD+	9,120	27hrs	Dec 12-	4-03:30
		Dunmy	9,120	2,5hrs	DONE	E
		(LH+	9,12°	27hr Grs BEAM	off Decl	5-12:30
-		(LH+	1)')s.	マフトト		16-15:30
		Dunmy	11.150	2,5 /1	-> Decl	6-18:00
		/LD+	11,150	27hr	→ Dec	18 05:30
1		V L D+	13750	27hr	> Dec 42	18 05:30
		Dumny	13,120	2,5hr	-> Dee	19 - 02130 PW
		4++	13,120	27hr	→ Deet	20-05:38 7-10 PM
	CONFI	6 CHANG	E	1 hr	-> Dec 20	
(2=2	45 21)	- 8,160	3 thr	> Doc ?	20-09:00
			816°	Orshr	> Dec 2	0-69:30
			SHMS to	6,160		-10:30
		LH+/	6.160	3 = hr		0-14:00
	,	Dummy		0.5hr	> Doc 20	14:30
	~16	hr BUFF	ER to BE	SAN OFF		
	-	> could to	ebe mue	LD- 02=6	3,0 8,390	DATA
				ABOUE I		
		ADDED	TO JA	NUARY F	RUN PLA	N

$Q^2=6.00, W=2.40, x=0.55, low \epsilon data taking - PART TWO$

Nominal $Q^2=6.00 \text{ GeV}^2/c^2$, W=2.40 GeV, x=0.55 Kinematics E_e $E_{e'}$ $\theta_{e'}$ |t| θ_q p_{π} GeV GeV $(GeV/c)^2$ deg GeV/c deg 7.937 2.139 34.58 0.439 0.5315.512 -11.12

1. $d(e, e'\pi^+)nn_{sp}$ LD2 SHMS right $(\theta = 9.12^{\circ})$ run.

Set up the following configuration:

- (a) Switch the SHMS to positive polarity (follow the cycling procedure) and set to +5.512 GeV/c.
- (b) Move the SHMS 9.12 deg (from TV). Beam off while departing the beam line. Record and photograph the actual achieved vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- (c) HMS momentum = -2.139 GeV/c. Follow the magnet-cycling procedure:
- (d) HMS angle = 34.58 (from TV). Record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- (e) 10 cm LD2 target.
- Update standard.kinematics with the new settings, using proton mass for the target.
 - (g) Adjust the beam current to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz. We project the current for this run to be about 70 μ A. Do not change PS5=0!
- (h) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 245 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:	
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	13
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	5
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0
PS6(HMS-3/4×SHMS-3/4)	-1
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz
cermode10	ON

$_{ m HMS}$	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$0.8~\mathrm{kHz}$	$3.8~\mathrm{kHz}$	$234~\mathrm{kHz}$	$89~\mathrm{kHz}$	$92~\mathrm{kHz}$	52 Hz	0.2-0.4 Hz

(i) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.

- (j) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (k) Take data for 13.5 hours (at 100% efficiency) to get about 21,500 d(e, $e'\pi^+$)nn_{sp}

Al $(e, e'\pi^+)X$ Thick Dummy target SHMS right $(\theta = 9.12^o)$ run. Con[13933] Now put in the "thick" dummy target $(\pm 5 \text{ cm})$ and initially set prescale factors to the as the LD2 run. Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LD2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: $40 \mu A$.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 18 hour (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

During this period, the Target Operator should park the LD2 target and prepare for LH2 data taking. -Take 2 hours on day 13/12/21 SJOK

- 3. $p(e, e'\pi^+)n$ LH2 SHMS right $(\theta = 9.12^{\circ})$ run.
 - (a) How put in the 10 cm LH2 target and leave the spectrometer settings unchanged.
 - (b) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 200 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:					
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	12				
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1				
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1				
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	4				
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0				
PS6(HMS-3/4×SHMS-3/4)	-1				
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz				
cermode10	ON				

$_{ m HMS}$	$_{ m HMS}$	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$0.4~\mathrm{kHz}$	$1.9~\mathrm{kHz}$	117 kHz	$45~\mathrm{kHz}$	$46~\mathrm{kHz}$	13 Hz	0.2-0.4 Hz

fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.

- (d) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (e) Take data for 13.5 hours (at 100% efficiency) to get about 21,500 p(e, $e'\pi^+$)n coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.

- 4. $p(e, e'\pi^+)n$ LH2 SHMS center $(\theta = 11.12^o)$ run.
 - (a) Move the SHMS to 11.12 deg (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
 - (b) LH2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet settings unchanged.
 - (c) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings, using proton mass for the target.
 - (d) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 210 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:				
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	10			
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1			
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1			
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	4			
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0			
PS6(HMS-3/4×SHMS-3/4)	-1			
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz			
cermode10	ON			

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$0.4~\mathrm{kHz}$	$1.9~\mathrm{kHz}$	34 kHz	$14~\mathrm{kHz}$	18 kHz	4 Hz	0.2-0.4 Hz

- (e) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
- (f) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (g) Take data for 13.5 hours (100% efficiency) at 70 μ A to get about 21,500 p(e, e' π ⁺)n coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.

5. $Al(e, e'\pi^+)X$ Thick Dummy target SHMS center $(\theta = 11.12^o)$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LH2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: 40 μ A.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 1.3 hours (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

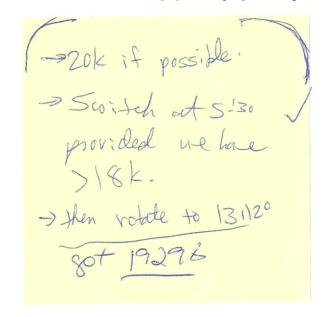
During this period, the Target Operator should park the LH2 target and prepare for LD2 data taking.

- (a) Put in the LD2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet settings unchanged. Leave standard.kinematics unchanged, using proton mass for the target.
- (b) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 210 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:		
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	11 🛰	~ 1D-
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1	, , , ,
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1	
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	5 -	-4
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0	3
$PS6(HMS-3/4 \times SHMS-3/4)$	-1	
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz	
cermode10	ON	

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$0.8~\mathrm{kHz}$	$3.8~\mathrm{kHz}$	44 kHz	$28~\mathrm{kHz}$	$36~\mathrm{kHz}$	14 Hz	0.2-0.4 Hz

- (c) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
- (d) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (e) Take data for 13.5 hours (100% efficiency) at 70 μ A to get about 21,500 d(e, e' π ⁺)nn_{sp} coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.



- 7. $d(e, e'\pi^+)nn_{sp}$ LD2 SHMS left $(\theta = 13.12^o)$ run.
 - (a) Move the SHMS 13.12 deg (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
 - (b) Put in the LD2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet settings unchanged.
 - (c) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings, using proton mass for the target.
 - (d) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 250 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:			
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	9		
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1		
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1		
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	5		
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0		
PS6(HMS-3/4×SHMS-3/4)	-1		
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz		
cermode10	ON		

HMS	$_{ m HMS}$	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^- + \frac{\pi^-}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$0.8~\mathrm{kHz}$	$3.8~\mathrm{kHz}$	$19~\mathrm{kHz}$	$8~\mathrm{kHz}$	$13~\mathrm{kHz}$	5 Hz	$0.2\text{-}0.4~\mathrm{Hz}$

- (e) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
- (f)/HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (g) Take data for 13.5 hours (at 100% efficiency) at 70 μ A to get about 21,500 d(e, e' π ⁺)nn_{sp} coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.

8. $\overline{\mathrm{Al}(e,e'\pi^+)X}$ Thick Dummy target SHMS left $(\theta=13.12^o)$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LD2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: 40 μ A.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LD2 target).

Take data for 1.3 hours (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

During this period, the Target Operator should park the LD2 target and prepare for LH2 data taking.

- 9. $p(e, e'\pi^+)n$ LH2 SHMS left $(\theta = 13.12^o)$ run.
 - (a) Put in the LH2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet and angle settings unchanged.
 - (b) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 250 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:				
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	8			
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1			
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1			
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	4			
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0			
$PS6(HMS-3/4\times SHMS-3/4)$	-1			
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz			
cermode10	ON			

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$0.4~\mathrm{kHz}$	$1.9~\mathrm{kHz}$	$9.5~\mathrm{kHz}$	$4~\mathrm{kHz}$	$6.6~\mathrm{kHz}$	1 Hz	0.2-0.4 Hz

- (c) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
- (d) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 1 hour run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (e) Take data for 13.5 hours (at 100% efficiency) at 70 μ A to get about $\frac{21,500}{p(e, e'\pi^+)n}$ coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total.

Once Aris is complete, go back to the SHMS right setting (9.12°) at take more data on LHD No time!

FADC Mode 10

FADC Mode 10

Do one run y /

HMS-3/4 trissen.

DONE.

To-80
in 2022!

$Q^2=2.45, W=3.20, x=0.21, low \epsilon data taking$

Nomin	al $Q^2 = 2$	2.45 Ge	V^2/c^2 , V	V = 3.20 GeV	V, x=0.21	Kinematics
E_e	$E_{e'}$	$\theta_{e'}$	ϵ	t	p_{π}	θ_q
GeV	GeV	\deg		$({\rm GeV/c})^2$	$\mathrm{GeV/c}$	deg
7.937	1.644	25.02	0.372	0.048	6.265	-6.16

1. $p(e, e'\pi^+)n$ LH2 SHMS left $(\theta = 8.16^{\circ})$ run.

Set up the following configuration:

- (a) Set the SHMS to +6.265 GeV/c (follow the cycling procedure).
- (b) Move the SHMS 8.16 deg (from TV). Beam off while approaching the beam line. Be sure to record and photograph the actual achieved vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- (c) HMS momentum = -1.644 GeV/c. Negative polarity.
- (d) HMS angle = 25.02 (from TV). Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
- (e) 10 cm LH2 target.
- (f) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings.
- (g) Adjust the beam current to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz. We project the current for this run to be about 70 μ A. Do not change PS5=0!
- (h) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 760 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:	
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	11
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	10
$PS5(HMS-ELREAL \times SHMS-3/4)$	0
$PS6(HMS-3/4\times SHMS-3/4)$	-1
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz
cermode10	ON

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$3.3~\mathrm{kHz}$	$158~\mathrm{kHz}$	73 kHz	$32~\mathrm{kHz}$	29 kHz	530 Hz	1.6 Hz

(i) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.

- (j) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 20 minute run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (k) Take data for 1.8 hours (at 100% efficiency) to get about 11,600 p(e, e' π^+)n coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total. The first run should be ~ 20 minutes (at 100% data taking efficiency), and should be immediately analyzed to get an indication of the pion rate. Use this to calculate how long to run to get the desired statistics.
- (l) While taking these data, contact the magnet expert on call, and have them adjust the angle rotation GUI, so that it agrees exactly with the SHMS floor angle reading.
- 2. $Al(e, e'\pi^+)X$ Thick Dummy target SHMS left $(\theta = 8.16^{\circ})$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LH2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: $40 \mu A$.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LH2 target).

Take data for 0.2 hour (100% efficiency) at 40 μ A.

- 3. $p(e, e'\pi^+)n$ LH2 SHMS center $(\theta = 6.16^o)$ run.
 - (a) Move the SHMS to 6.16 deg (from TV). This rotation can be done remotely with expert oversight, provided the angle rotation GUI was set to be in agreement with the floor angle during the 8.16 deg setting. The Run Co-ordinator will need to arrange in advance which expert personnel (e.g. Amy Comer, Steve Lassiter) need to monitor remotely. Be sure to record and photograph the actual vernier value to 0.005 degree precision.
 - (b) Put in the LH2 target. Leave the spectrometer magnet settings unchanged.
 - (c) Update standard.kinematics with the new settings.
 - (d) Adjust the beam current to keep the SHMS-3/4 rate below 600 kHz. We project the current for this run to be about 70 μ A. Do not change PS5=0!
 - (e) Set the PS1(SHMS-3/4) and PS4(HMS-ELREAL) target rates to 100 Hz. For 70 μ A beam and the projected rates listed below, these prescale factors should give 100 Hz HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk, and a 1500 Hz DAQ rate overall.

Projected prescale GUI settings:				
PS1(SHMS-3/4)	13			
PS2(SHMS-ELREAL)	-1			
PS3(HMS-3/4)	-1			
PS4(HMS-ELREAL)	10			
PS5(HMS-ELREAL×SHMS-3/4)	0			
$PS6(HMS-3/4\times SHMS-3/4)$	-1			
EDTM Target Prescale Rate	10 Hz			
cermode10	ON			

HMS	HMS	SHMS	SHMS	SHMS	Random coinc.	Real coinc.
e^- rate	π^- rate	π^+ rate	K rate	p rate	$(e^{-} + \frac{\pi^{-}}{5}) \cdot (\pi + K + p)$	$e^- \cdot \pi$
$3.3~\mathrm{kHz}$	$158~\mathrm{kHz}$	$272~\mathrm{kHz}$	$32~\mathrm{kHz}$	$29~\mathrm{kHz}$	1330 Hz	1.6 Hz

- (f) fadcmode10 Run: Start by taking a 2 minute fadcmode10 run. Be sure to mark this clearly on the Run Sheet. After the run, it is extremely important to unclick the fadcmode10 setting button.
- (g) HMS-3/4 trigger run: Since the HMS momentum is fairly low, take a 20 minute run with HMS-3/4 triggers enabled instead of hELREAL (i.e. PS6 instead of PS5, and PS3 instead of PS4). This is to monitor the ELREAL threshold and will count as part of the physics run total. If the PS3 trigger rate is excessive, adjust PS3 to a higher level to compensate.
- (h) Take data for 1.8 hours (100% efficiency) at 70 μ A to get 11,600 p(e, e' π^+)n coincidences. Use the physics replay to keep track of the event total. The first run should be \sim 20 minutes (at 100% data taking efficiency), and should be immediately analyzed to get an indication of the pion rate. Use this to calculate how long to run to get the desired statistics.

4. $\overline{\left(\mathrm{Al}(e,e'\pi^+)X\right)}$ Thick Dummy target SHMS center $(\theta=6.16^o)$ run.

Now put in the "thick" dummy target (± 5 cm) and initially set prescale factors to the same as the LH2 run.

If the HMS and SHMS singles event rates to disk are significantly less than 100 Hz each, the PS1,4 factors can be decreased accordingly.

Current limit: 40 μ A.

DO NOT modify standard.kinematics for this run (i.e. keep as for LH2 target).

Take data for 0.2 hours (100% efficiency) at 40 μA .

5. To be determined in consultation with the RC: Nominal end of data taking before Christmas break. If there is time remaining, go back to the $(e, e'\pi^{\pm})$ setting with the lowest statistics and take more data.

= As of Dec 17, the most likely condidate for extra data
is the LH+,
$$\theta = 9.12^{\circ}$$
 Setting on p.18.