# SBS GEM Crosstalk Analysis 

SBS Software/Analysis Meeting

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Aug 5, 2022

## Crosstalk Analysis Terms \& Approach

- Digital Crosstalk on APV25 (multiplexer) channels (channel-space vs strip-space)
- Ratio of Neighboring Channels
- "The Ratio" is calculated by dividing the ADCs of neighboring channels
- The larger ADC is always divided by the smaller ADC
- Calculation is skipped if either ADC is $\mathbf{0}$.
- A threshold (ADC cut) can be applied to the numerator (larger ADC) to expose "dominant" ratios
- Ratio is calculated using all channels on a
 single APV


## Determining APV Ratio

- Histogram for Ratio of All Neighboring Channels on a single APV for a single run.
- The bump near the center of the plot is the crosstalk $\rightarrow$ crosstalk ratio for APV25 is typically $\sim 10$
- Run: 11494
- Single APV on one GEM
- Fit "ratio bump"
- Find center of bump

From graph:
Ratio $=10.84$


## Determining APV Ratio

Taking a higher occupancy run:

- Run: 13770
- Beam current: 12 uA
- Single APV on one GEM
- Front UV GEM
- APV 9
- Fit "ratio bump"
- Find center of bump

From graph:
Ratio = 12.1
"Correction Ratio"



## Current Analysis Approach

## Event viewer to inspect single events

- Shows hit/event in Strip Space (right) and Channel Space (left)
- Hits/events shown meet some basic criteria:
- Includes only neighbor channel ratios greater than some threshold
- Smaller channels (denominator) contributing to the ratio map "bundles" to strip space (min. bundle size $=2$ strips)
- Marks numerator/denominator strips/channels with Up/Down Triangles, respectively
- Indicates if event contains "On Track" strip/channel ( and determined clusters (






## Findings From Viewer Events

- Crosstalk bundles are typically NOT "On Track" or "In Cluster"
- This is an empirical and should be tabulated
- Consider the case that a real hit/signal/cluster is part of a denominator bundle $\rightarrow$ We don't want to lose that signal



## Crosstalk Corrections

## Proposed correction approach:

- For the APV we determine the Ratio (Correction Ratio) $\rightarrow$ Here we have 12.1
- We determine a Ratio Threshold $\rightarrow \mathbf{8}$.
- Event is flagged if it contains neighbor channel ratio greater than threshold.
- Smaller channel ADC is corrected:
- Subtract "ADC correction" from Smaller Channel's ADC:

ADC correction = Larger Channel ADC
Correction Ratio

- If:
(Smaller Channel ADC) - (ADC correction) < 0
- Then:

Set Smaller Channel ADC to 0

- Else:

Smaller Channel ADC = (Smaller Channel ADC) - (ADC correction)

## Handling Crosstalk Channels/Bundles



Un-Modifled - Histogram 6297 - UV Module 0 ADCmax on APV channels \& strips

## Crosstalk Corrections

- We have for this run, Correction Ratio $=12.1$
- Ratio Threshold = 8
- "Passing" events/channels $\rightarrow$ ( Ratio between neighbor channels > ratio threshold )

| - | Channel 116: On Track \& | ADC $=1689.16$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - | Channel 115: | ADC $=148.32 \quad \rightarrow$ Ratio $=11.389$ |

- Larger ADC divided by Ratio Threshold:
- 1689.16/12.1 = 139.6
- Corrected ADC on Channel $148=148.32-139.6=\mathbf{8 . 7 2}$
- Channel 116: On Track \& ADC = 1689.16
- Channel 117: $\quad$ ADC $=126.22$

Ratio $=13.383$

- Corrected ADC on Channel 117 = 126.22-139.6 $=-13.38$
- Less than zero so, set ADC to 0 .

Summary for "Passing" ratio event/channels:

- Channel 115: ADC $148.32 \rightarrow 8.72$
- Channel 117: ADC $126.22 \rightarrow 0$


## Handling Crosstalk Channels/Bundles



Un-Modifled - Histogram 6297 - UV Module 0 ADCmax on APV channels \& strips

- Run: 13770
- Ratio Thresh = 8
- Corr. Ratio = 12.1


## Another Correction Example



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- Ratio Thresh = 8
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