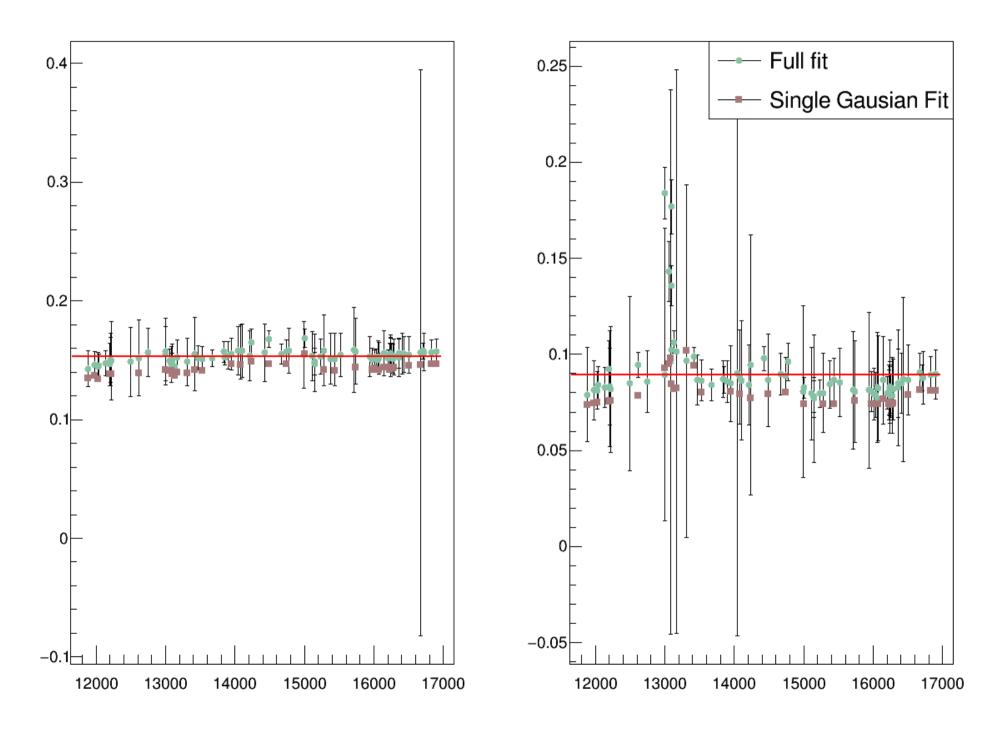
# Aerogel Calibration 2023

- I found the difference between the old method and petr's method.
- Petr's fit is on the npe spectra, while the old method fits to the adcPulseAmplitude.
- This means that to get back the calibration parameter we must multiply by the current parameter value.
- I have done that with the following

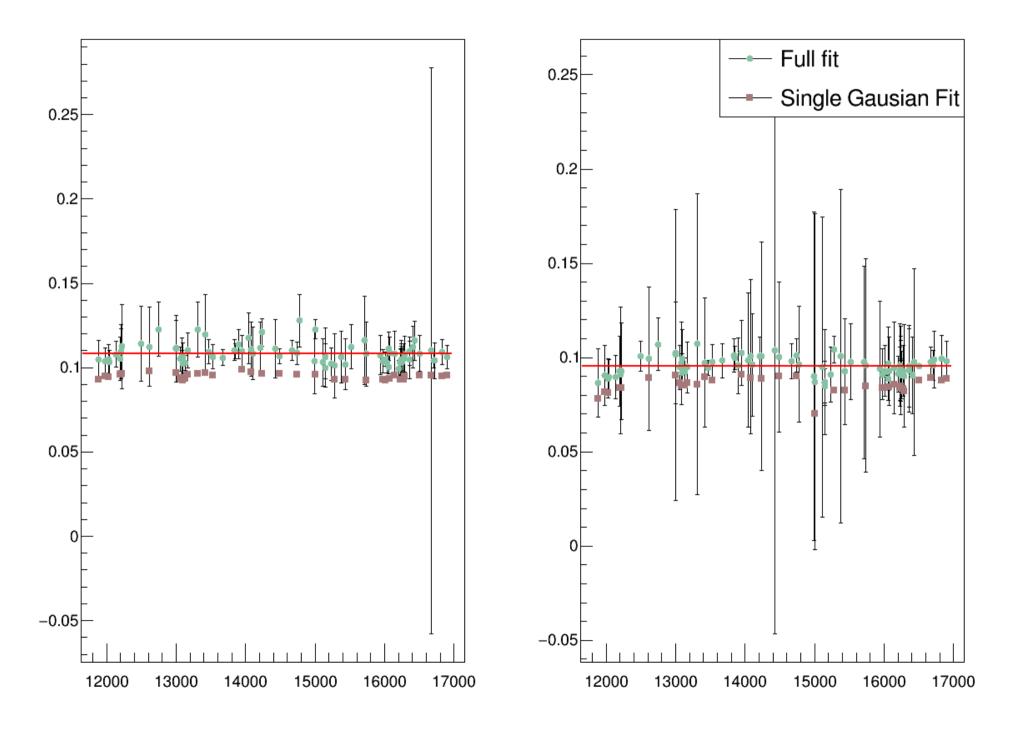
PMT 1+

PMT 1-



PMT 2+

PMT 2-



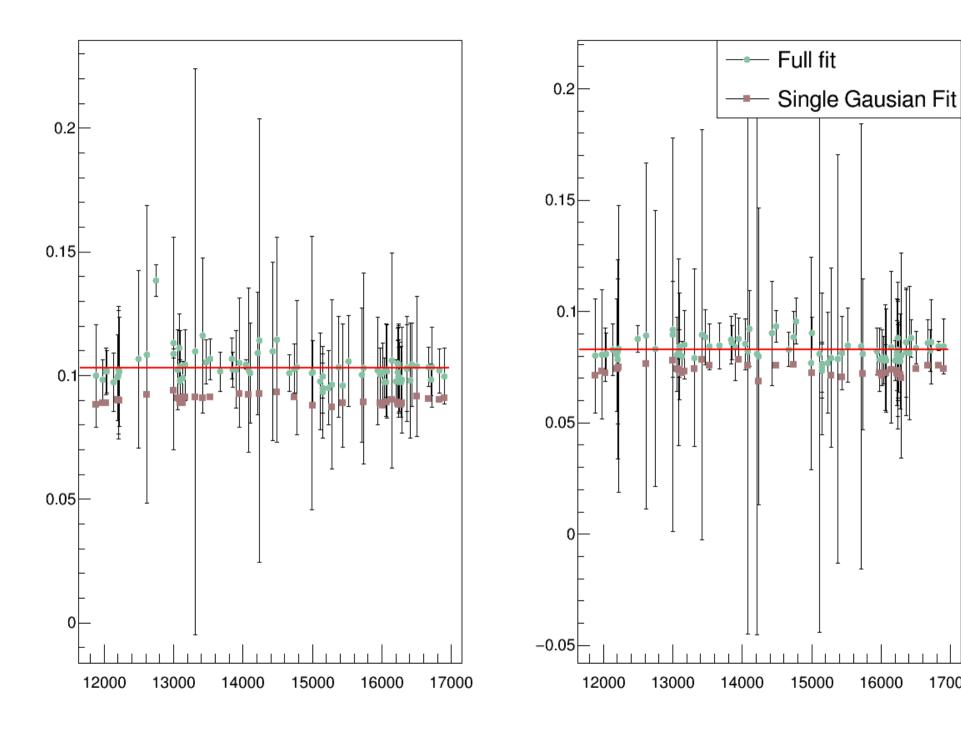
**PMT 3+** 

PMT 3-

15000

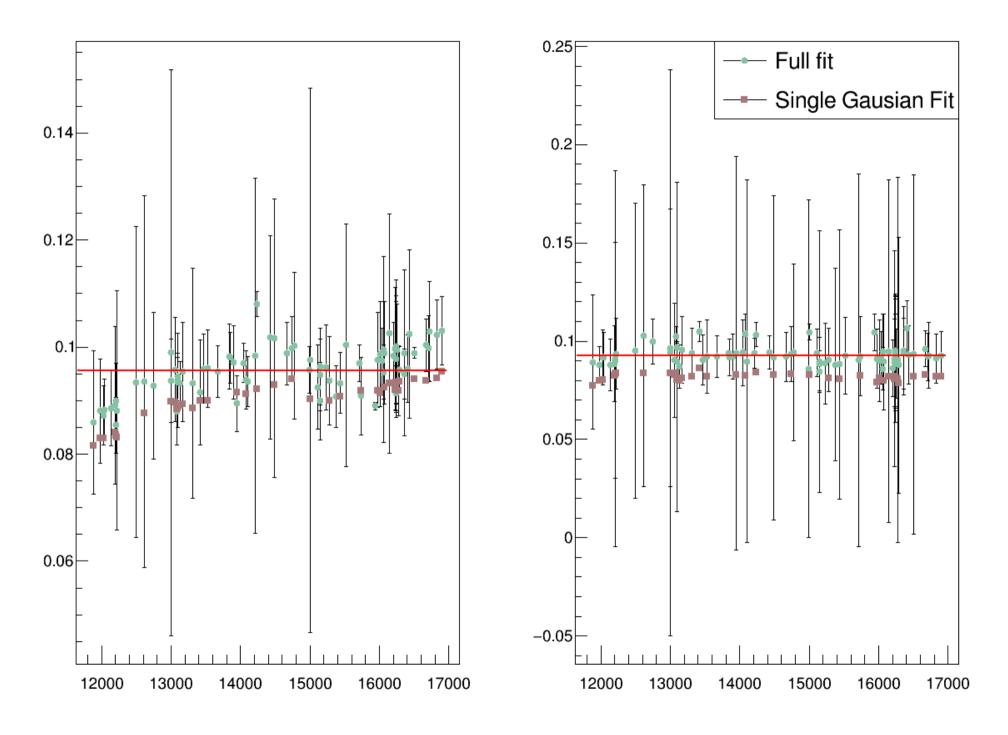
16000

17000



PMT 4+

PMT 4-

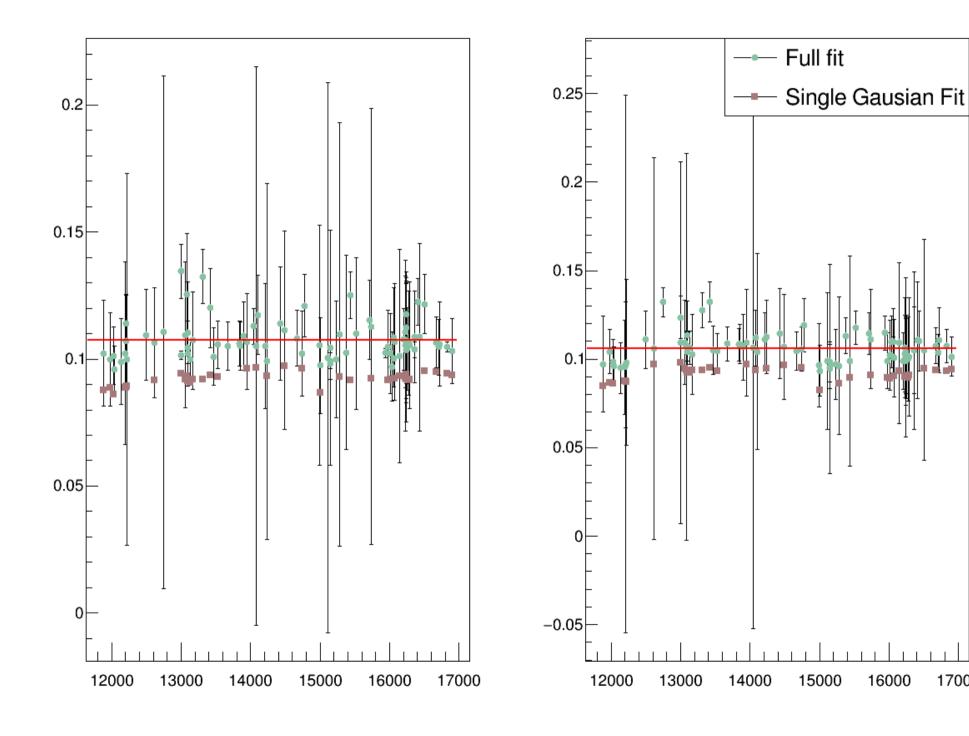


PMT 5+

PMT 5-

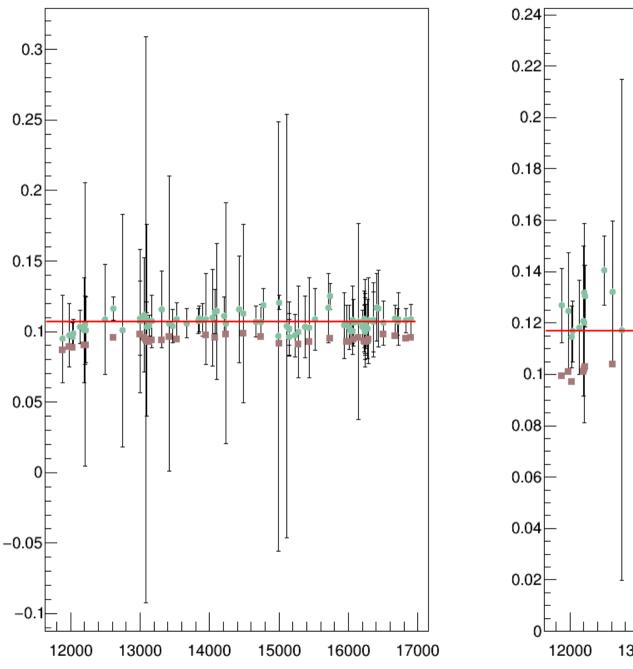
Įļ

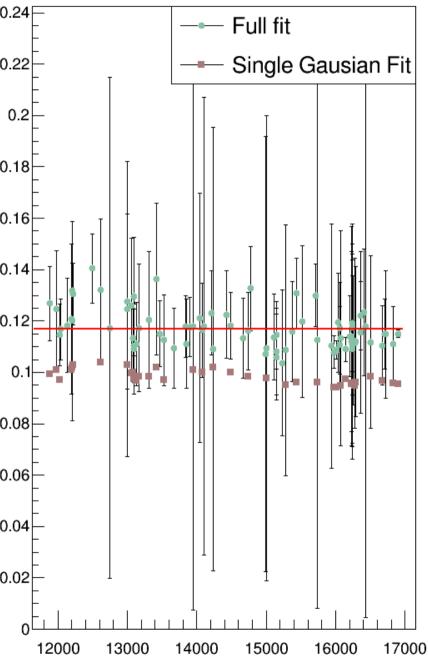
17000



PMT 6+

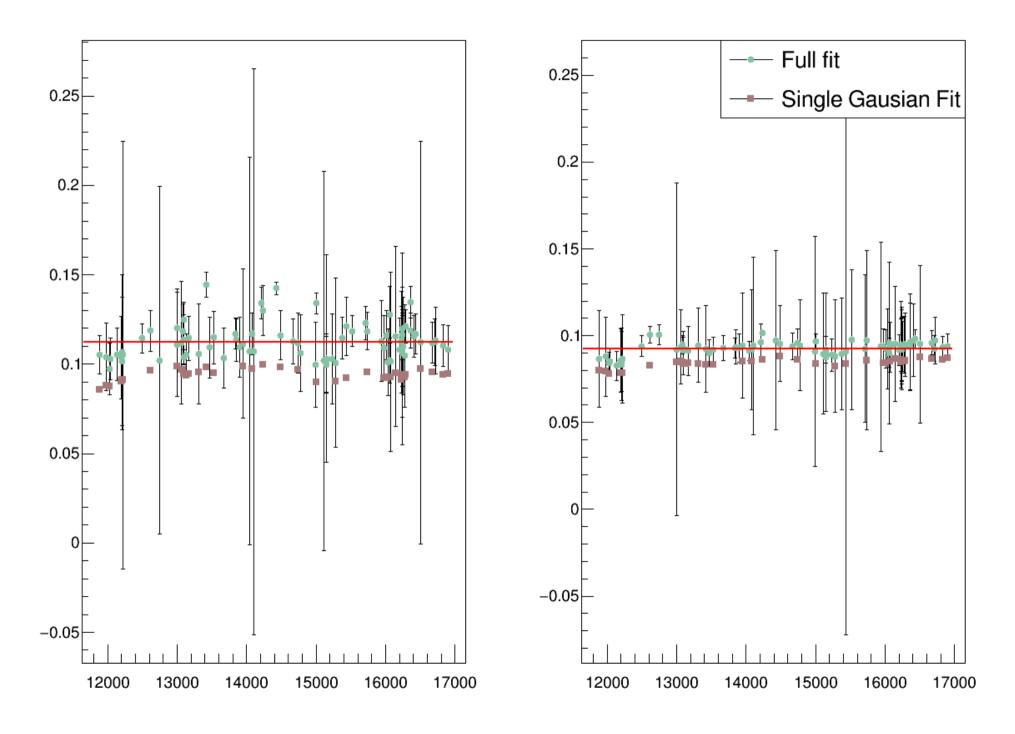
PMT 6-





PMT 7+

PMT 7-

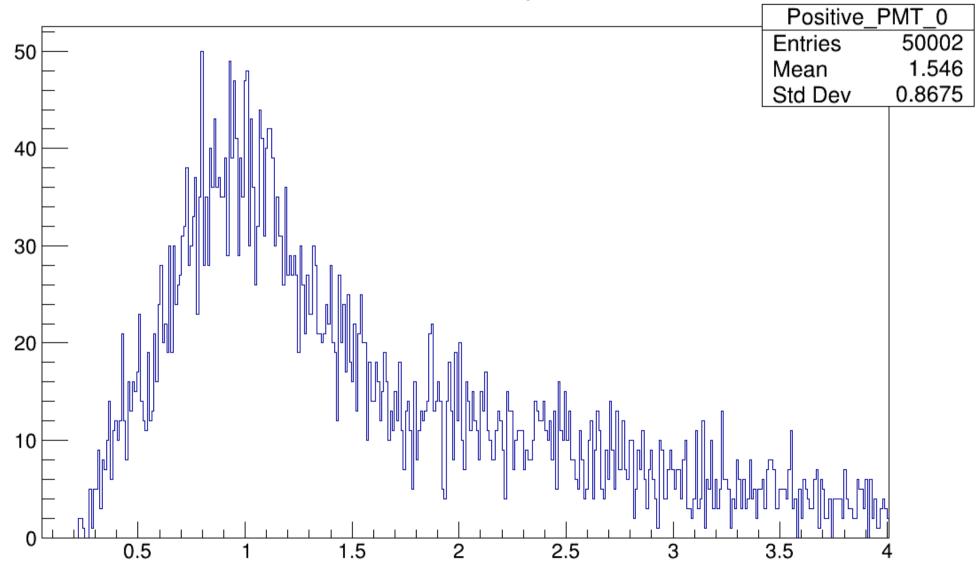


# Cut Study

- Last week there was a question of whether on not placing cuts would help the fits.
- I have 2 sets of cuts:
  - -50 < xAtAero < 50 && -50 < yAtAero < 50</p>
  - -50 < xAtAero < 50 && -50 < yAtAero < 50 && hgc.npeSum > 4
- I am showing run 13086 (n = 1.03)

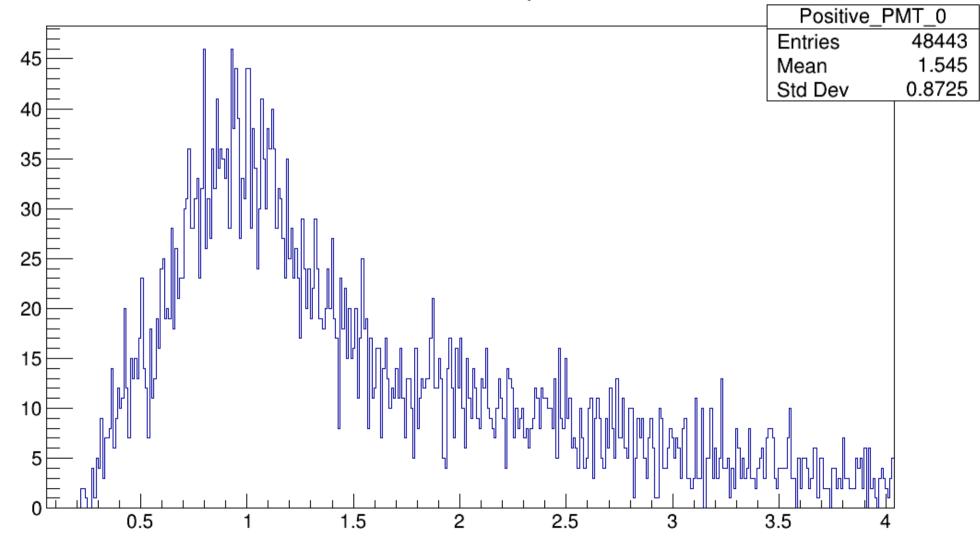
#### No Cuts

#### Positive PMT 0 spectrum



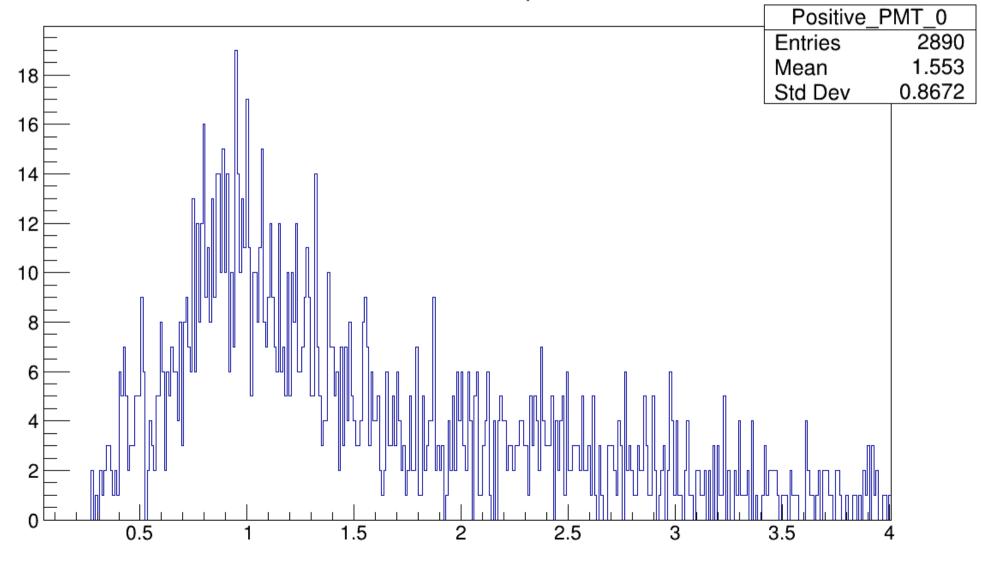
### With Tray cuts

#### Positive PMT 0 spectrum



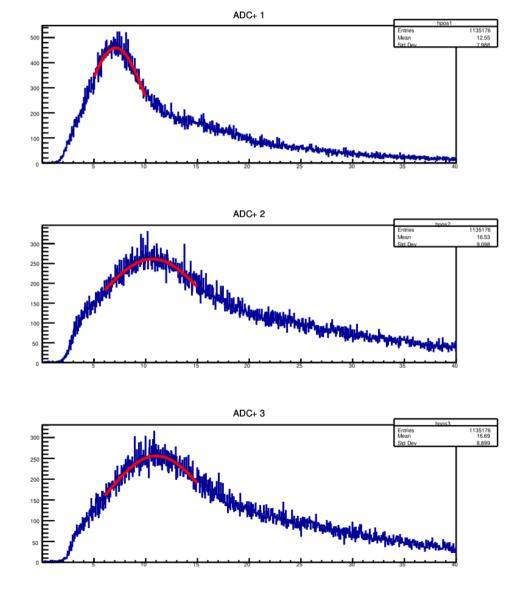
## With Tray and HGC Cut

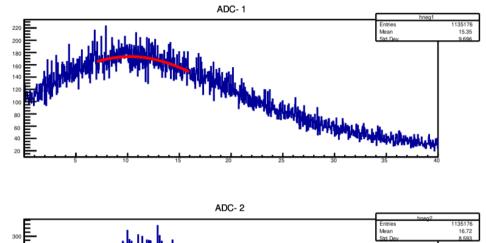
Positive PMT 0 spectrum

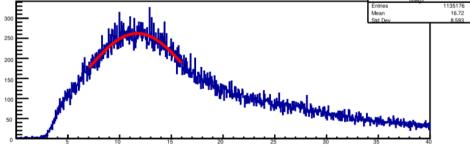


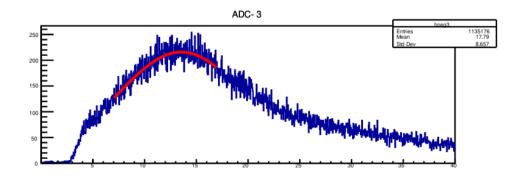
## Conclusion

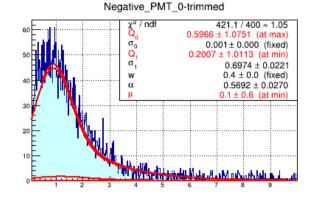
- Cuts seem to make little difference to the distribution
- I think I can conclude that this study and use the value from the red lines on the above plots.
- I have also included some example fits for context

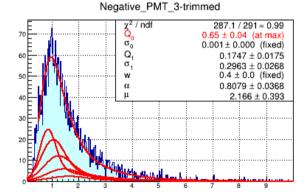




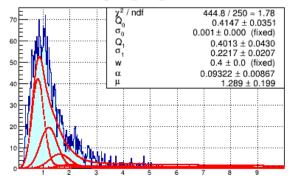


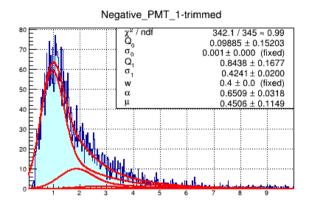




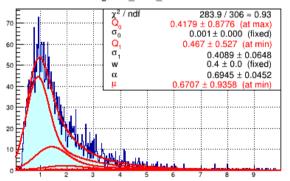


Negative\_PMT\_6-trimmed

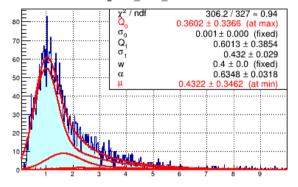




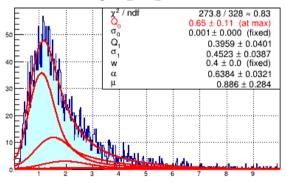
Negative\_PMT\_4-trimmed

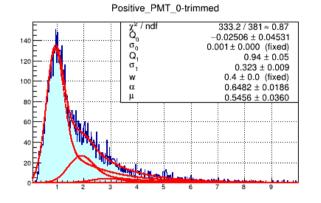


Negative\_PMT\_2-trimmed

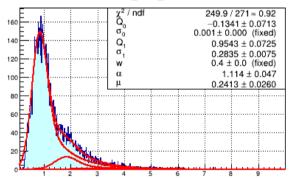


Negative\_PMT\_5-trimmed

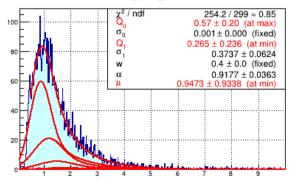


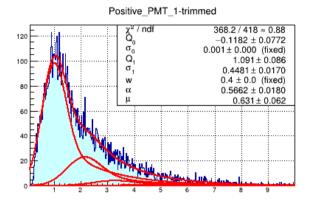


Positive\_PMT\_3-trimmed

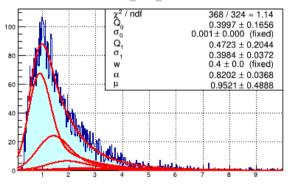


Positive\_PMT\_6-trimmed

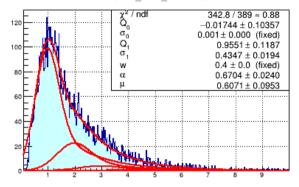




Positive PMT 4-trimmed







Positive PMT 5-trimmed

