

# KaonLT Meeting

July 11th, 2024

Richard Trotta

$$\sigma_L = (p_1 + p_2 \log Q^2) e^{p_3 |-t|}$$

$$\sigma_T = (p_5 \left( \frac{|-t|}{Q^2} - 1 \right)) e^{p_6 |-t|}$$

Separated Response Functions in  
Exclusive, Forward  $\pi^\pm$  Electroproduction on Deuterium

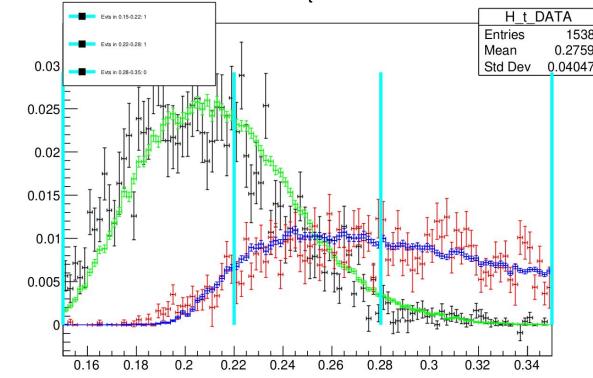
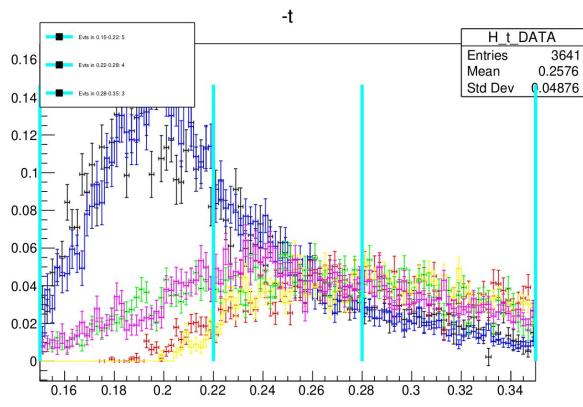
[arXiv:1412.5140v1 \[nucl-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1412.5140v1) 16 Dec 2014

[9.9]

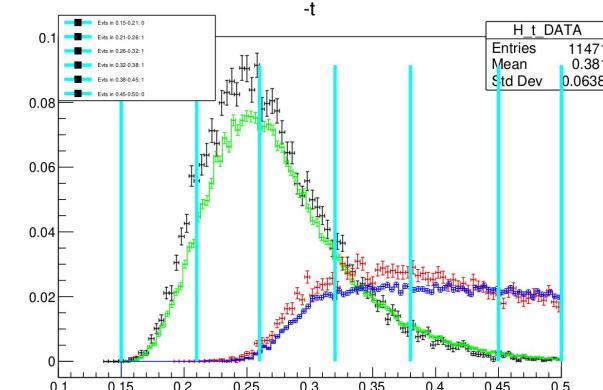
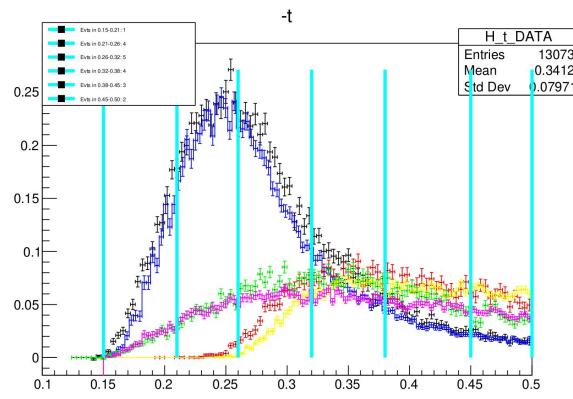
$$\sigma_{LT} = g(W) \cdot \left( p9 e^{p10 \cdot |-t|} + \frac{p11}{|-t|} \right) \cdot \sin \theta_{CM}. \quad [5.6]$$

$$\sigma_{TT} = g(W) \cdot \left( f(t) \cdot \frac{p12}{Q^2} e^{-Q^2} \right) \cdot \sin^2 \theta_{CM}, \quad [5.7]$$

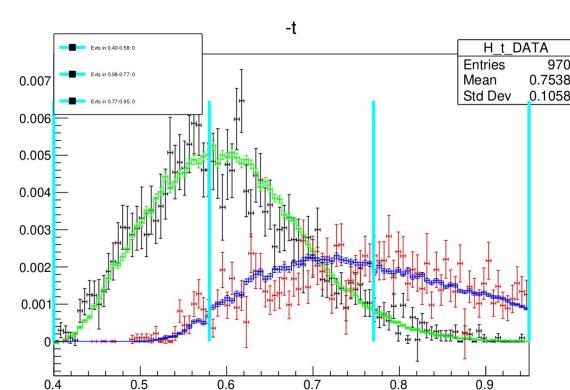
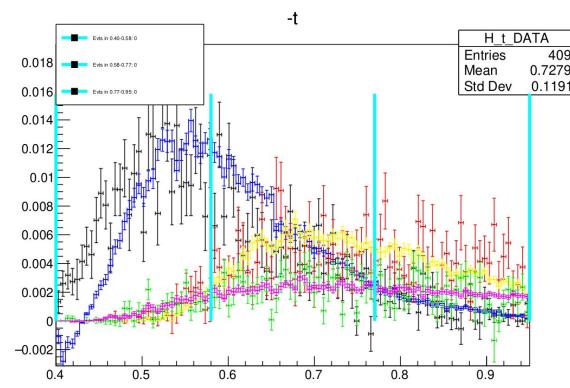
$Q^2=2.115$ ,  $W=2.95$



$Q^2=3.0$ ,  $W=3.14$



$Q^2=5.5$ ,  $W=3.02$



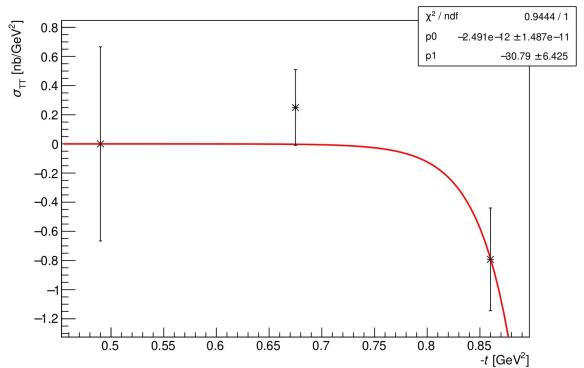
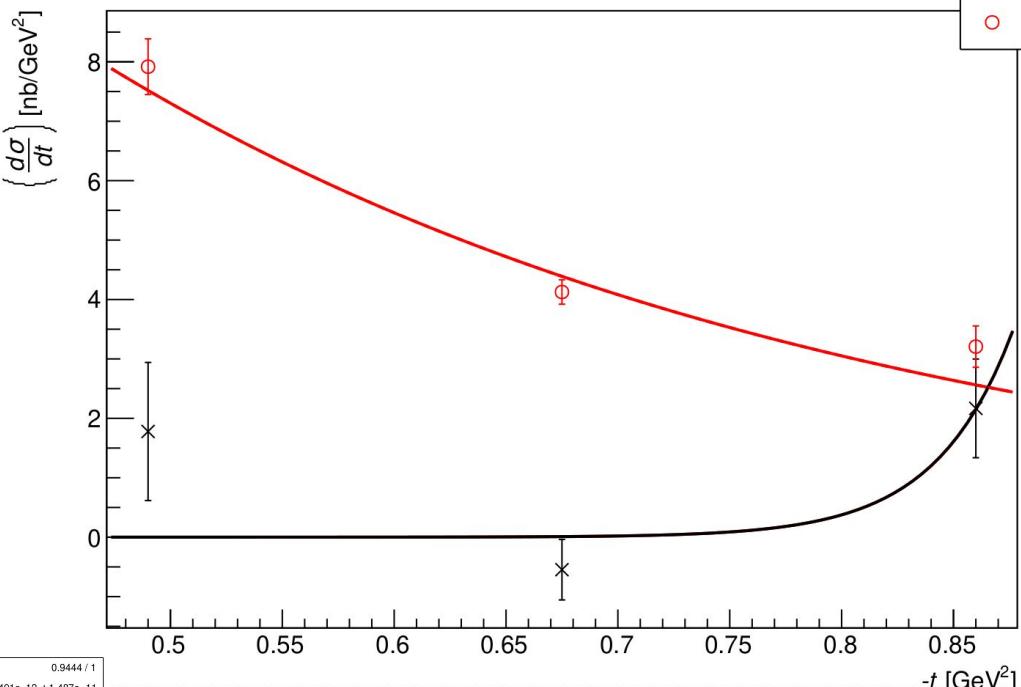
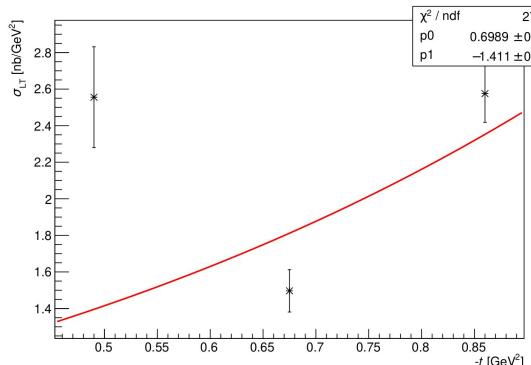
$Q^2=5.5, W=3.02$

$t=0.4-0.95$

$$\sigma_L = (p_1 + p_2 \log Q^2) e^{p_3 |-t|}$$

**\*\*\*1 iteration**

$$\sigma_T = (p_5 (\frac{|-t|}{Q^2} - 1)) e^{p_6 |-t|}$$



$\times \sigma_L$

$\circ \sigma_T$

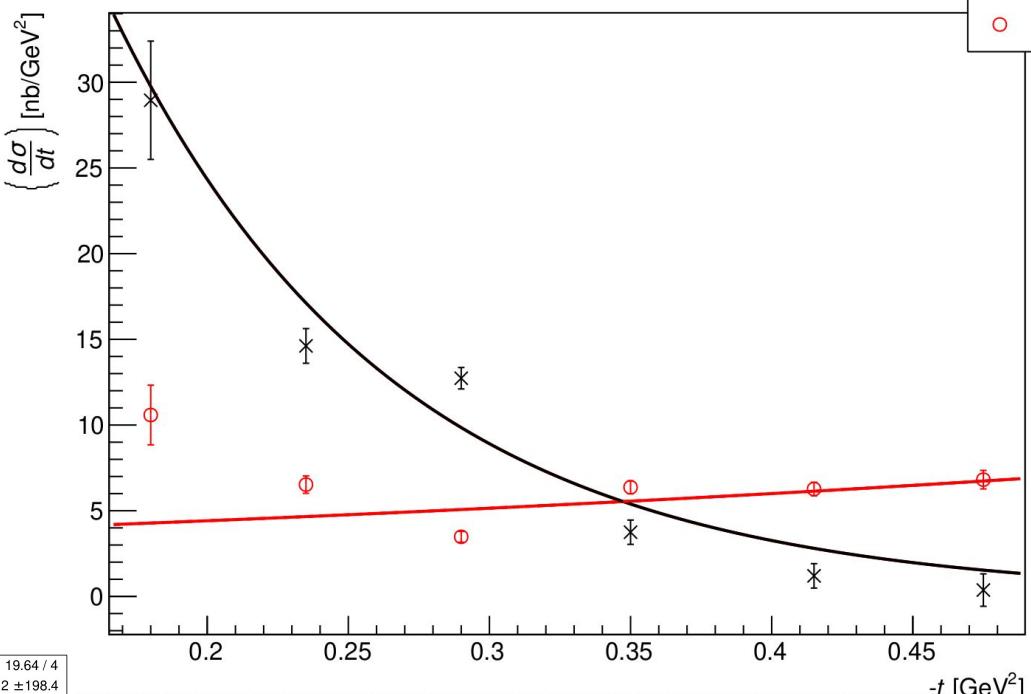
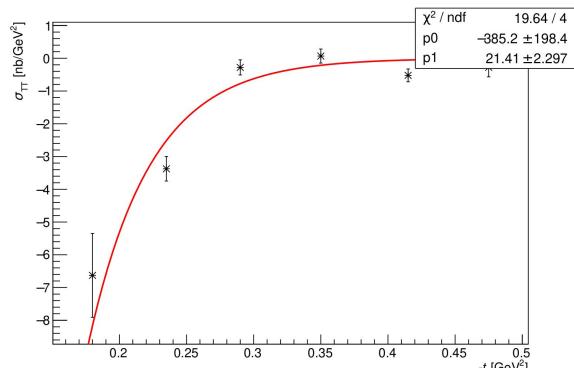
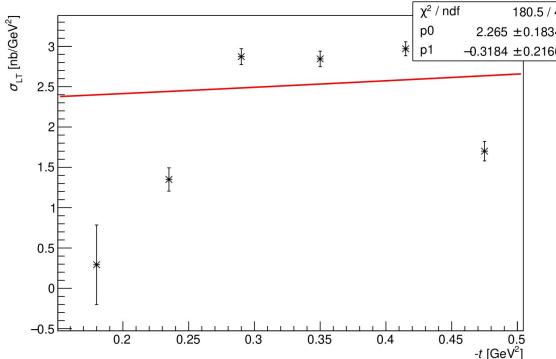
$Q^2=3.0$ ,  $W=3.14$

$t=0.15-0.5$

$$\sigma_L = (p_1 + p_2 \log Q^2) e^{p_3 |-t|}$$

**\*\*\*1 iteration**

$$\sigma_T = (p_5 \left( \frac{|-t|}{Q^2} - 1 \right)) e^{p_6 |-t|}$$

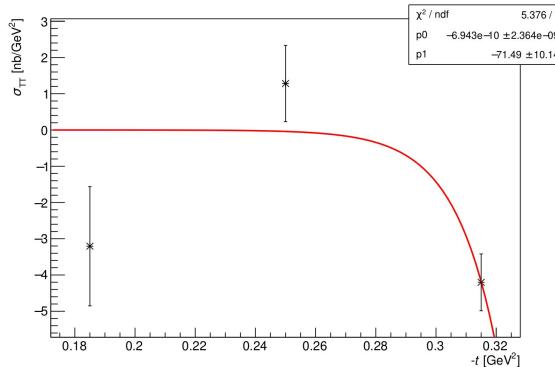
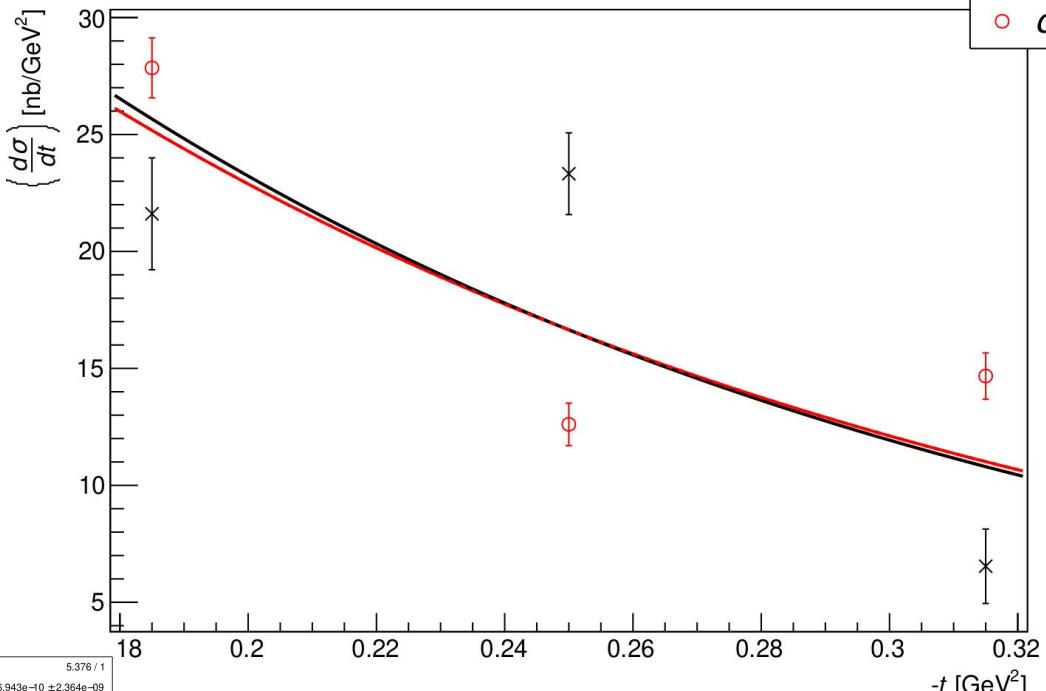
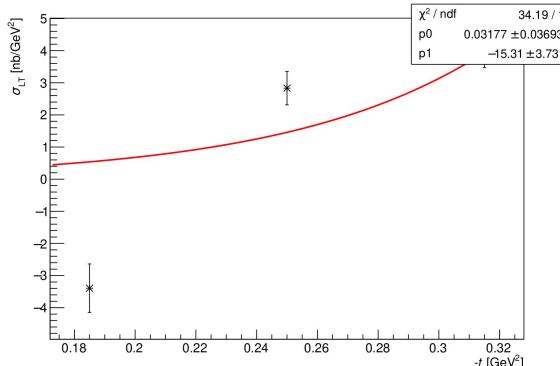


$Q^2=2.115, W=2.95$

$t=0.15-0.35 \quad \sigma_L = (p_1 + p_2 \log Q^2) e^{p_3 |-t|}$

**\*\*\*1 iteration**

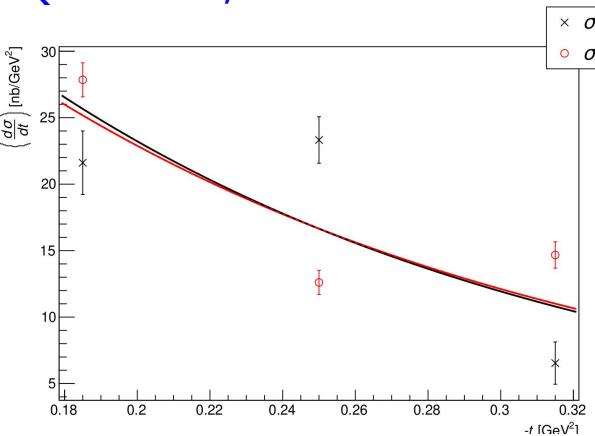
$$\sigma_T = (p_5 \left( \frac{|-t|}{Q^2} - 1 \right)) e^{p_6 |-t|}$$



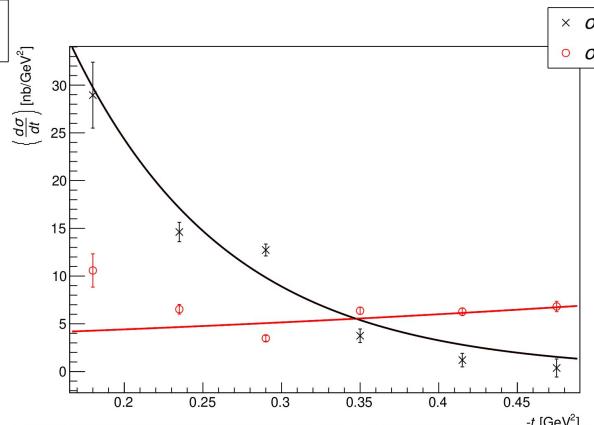
$$\sigma_L = (p_1 + p_2 \log Q^2) e^{p_3 |-t|}$$

$$\sigma_T = (p_5 \left( \frac{|-t|}{Q^2} - 1 \right)) e^{p_6 |-t|}$$

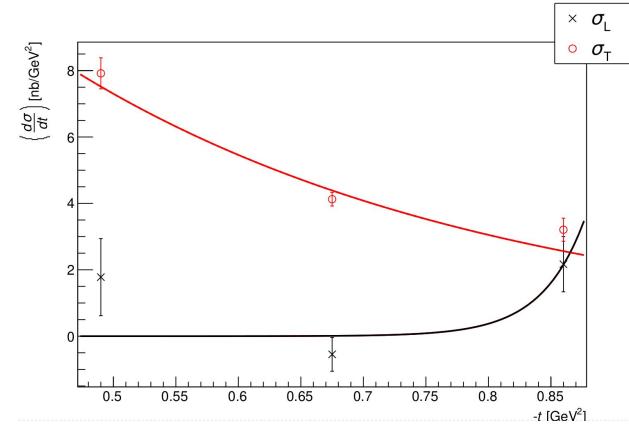
$Q^2=2.115, W=2.95$



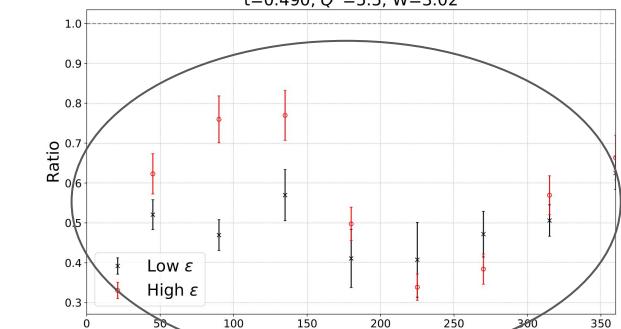
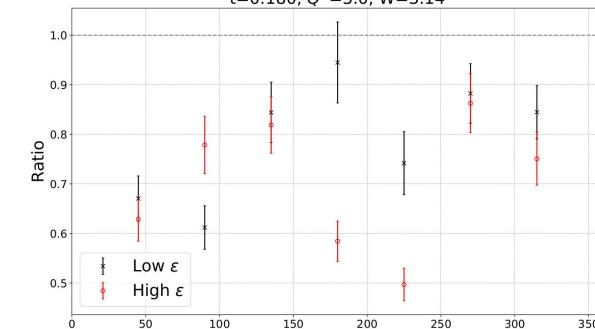
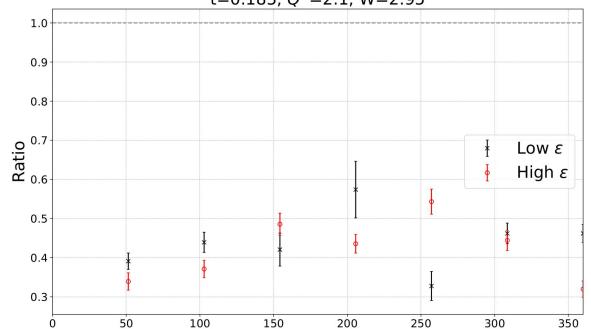
$Q^2=3.0, W=3.14$



$Q^2=5.5, W=3.02$



**$Q^2=2.115, W=2.95$**  \*\*\*1 iteration



**$Q^2=3.0, W=3.14$**

