# PLB Comments on Asymmetry Paper

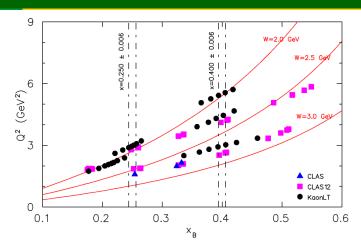
Figures edition

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## **Figure 4: Previous**

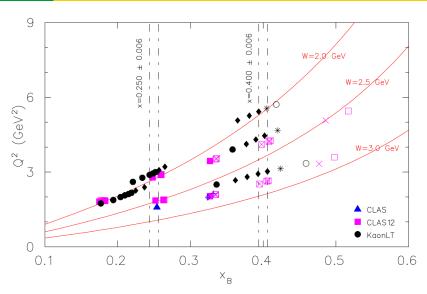




- No representation of *t*-dependence: referees confused as to why more data is shown in  $x_B$  range here than in  $(x_B, t)$  bin for Fig 7
- No uncertainty on kinematics: assumption made that our kinematics are less precise than those of CLAS

### Figure 4: t-dependence

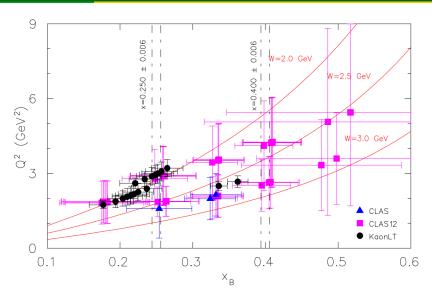




Different symbols for different ranges of *t*?

### Figure 4: Error bars

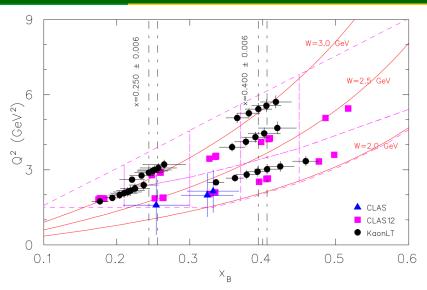




Add error bars to represent bin widths?

### Figure 4: Ranges

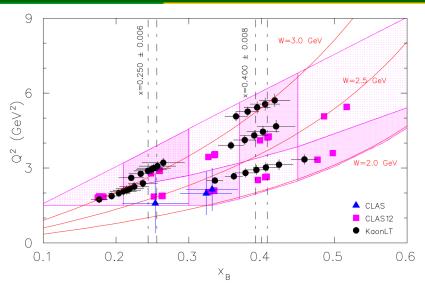




Reproduce the exact binning scheme of the CLAS12 data?

### Figure 4: Shaded Ranges

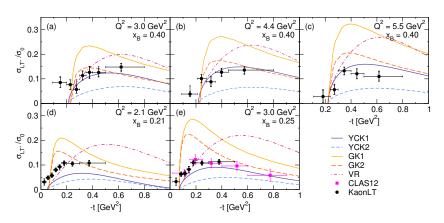




Shade regions for increased visibilty?

### **Figure 6: Previous**

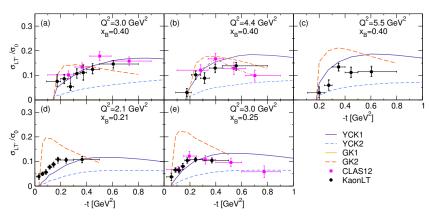




- Referees argue for inclusion of more CLAS data based on overlap in kinematic bins
- Models should be evaluated at binned, not central, kinematics

### Figure 6: Modified

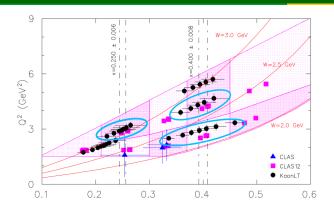




Bin models and add more CLAS12 data

#### **Data Selection**

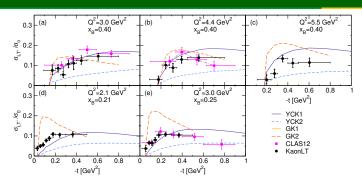




- $(Q^2, x_B) = (3.0, 0.25), (3.0, 0.40), (4.4, 0.40)$  all have data nearby with similar mean kinematics and significant overlap in bin ranges
- $\blacksquare$  (5.5,0.40) has no data with similar means, even if there is bin overlap
- (2.1,0.25) is centered at the corner of 3 CLAS12 bins
- Best overlap of bins is for the (3.0,0.25) setting, which is why this is the only one we showed in the previous version of this figure

### Figure 6 Caption

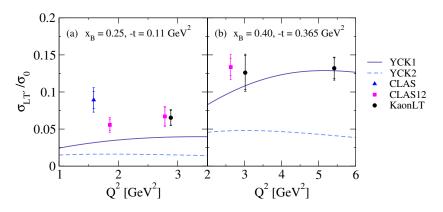




Suggested text from Garth/Alicia: "At low -t, where  $\sigma_{LT'}/\sigma_0$  varies rapidly, the models are evaluated at the mean kinematics per bin of the KaonLT data. At high -t, where  $\sigma_{LT'}/\sigma_0$  is more stable, the model is extended using the kinematics of the highest KaonLt t-bin available. In addition, the closest available CLAS12 data is plotted for comparison, although the kinematics of the CLAS12 data differ somewhat from those of KaonLT."

#### **Figure 7: Previous**

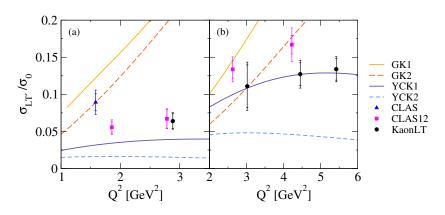




■ Referees request more data points, GK predictions

#### Figure 7: Add GK, More Data





- (a)  $x_B = 0.250 \pm 0.006$ ,  $t = 0.112 \pm 0.004$  (unchanged)
- (b)  $x_B = 0.400 \pm 0.008$ ,  $t = 0.37 \pm 0.03$  (extended from  $x_B = 0.400 \pm 0.006$ ,  $t = 0.360 \pm 0.016$ )

#### Table: Add More Data to Q2 Scan



Data set	$\langle -t \rangle$	$\langle Q^2 \rangle$	$\langle W \rangle$	$\langle x_B \rangle$	$\langle \epsilon \rangle$	$\sigma_{LT'}/\sigma_0$	$\delta_{ m stat}$	$\delta_{ ext{sys}}^{\downarrow}$	$\delta_{ m sys}^{\uparrow}$
	[GeV <sup>2</sup> ]	[GeV <sup>2</sup> ]	[GeV]						
		(a) .	$x_B = 0.250$	$0 \pm 0.006$ ,	-t = 0.11	1 ± 0.004 GeV	72		
CLAS	0.108	1.583	2.35	0.254	0.648	0.0893	0.0115	0.0118	0.0118
CLAS12	0.111	1.856	2.53	0.252	0.87	0.0556	0.0078	0.0064	0.0064
CLAS12	0.111	2.784	3.10	0.248	0.661	0.0670	0.0126	0.0048	0.0048
KaonLT	0.115	2.88	3.17	0.244	0.67	0.0653	0.0100	0.0034	0.0052
		(b	$x_B = 0.4$	00 ± 0.008	3, -t = 0.3	$7 \pm 0.3  \mathrm{GeV}^2$			
CLAS12	0.365	2.629	2.18	0.405	0.895	0.1337	0.0119	0.0119	0.0119
KaonLT	0.376	3.02	2.29	0.406	0.885	0.1263	0.0233	0.0115	0.011
CLAS12	0.398	4.22	2.65	0.408	0.704	0.1670	0.0187	0.0127	0.012
KaonLT	0.395	4.45	2.72	0.402	0.719	0.1272	0.0153	0.0050	0.010
KaonLT	0.347	5.42	3.04	0.394	0.525	0.1324	0.0143	0.0082	0.005

**Table 1:** Summary table for  $Q^2$  scans. The range of the second scan has been widened to allow the inclusion of two more points.

### **Questions for the Group**



- "There is no mention of radiative corrections and their systematic uncertainties, and other systematic uncertainties are treated rather superficially (e.g., backgrounds within the PID cuts)."
- → What should we say for radiative corrections?
- → How to respond to "superficial"?
- "A full discussion could include comments on quark-hadron duality (which would explain why both sophisticated Regge models and GPD or other factorization-based models MIGHT describe some of the same data reasonably well), higher twist effects which definitely could modify the GK prediction (and should become smaller at high Q2), and other contributions that might still be consistent with the framework of factorization but aren't included in the GK model."
- → Thoughts on the applicability of quark-hadron duality?
- → Thoughts on other contributions the GK model might not include?