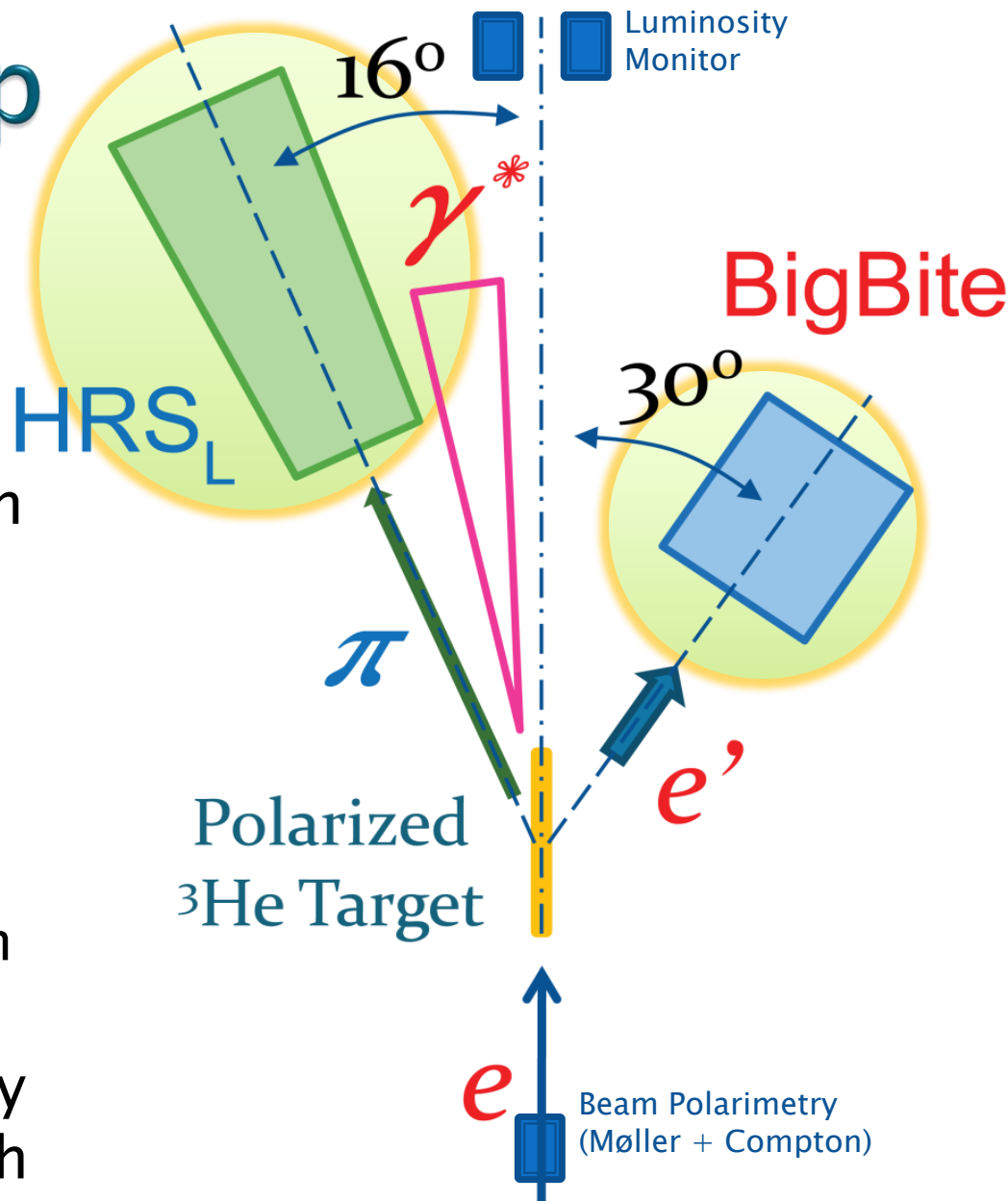


Coincidence TOF Calibration for E06010

- » Introduction
- LHRS Timing
- BigBite Timing
- Coincidence Timing

E06-010 Setup

- ▶ E0-6010 Setup
 - Two arm coincidence
 - Each arm equipped with a high resolution timing detector
 - LHRS server as hadron arm
 - Detecting pion, kaon and proton
 - Total fly length $\sim 27\text{m}$
 - BigBite detector electron with short fly path



The idea

- ▶ coincidence time (CT) between this two spectrometers are defined as the time difference between when two particles are created in the reaction
 - Sharp peak @ 0ns for perfect system
 - Multiple peaks for multi-final state
- ▶ Useful for
 - Reducing random coincidence background
 - Help hadron arm PID

General Calibration

- ▶ 3 independent piece for calibration

$$CT = RF \text{ Time}_{LHRS} - RF \text{ Time}_{Bigbite} - \text{Trigger Time Difference}$$

- ▶ RF Time_{Spectrometer} is
 - time cost between a vertex reaction and single arm trigger
 - Consist of
 - Time of flight
 - Respond time of timing detector
 - timing detector TDC
- ▶ Calibrated VS RF signal
- ▶ Only relative timing counts

LHRS Timing

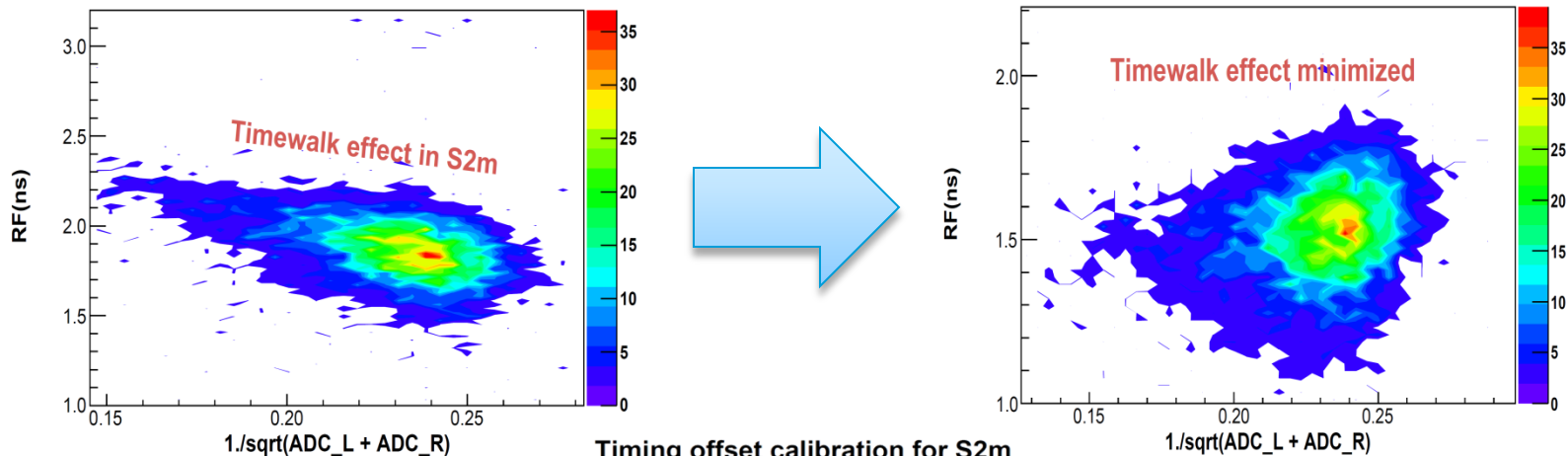
by Chiranjib Dutta

- ▶ Timing detector : s2m
- ▶ Optimal Calibration Order
 1. Rough offset alignment by looking into two-bar-hit events, with tight ADC cut
 - To precision below 1 ns, so possible for next step
 2. Fit for matrix elements for fly path length using RF structure, with tight ADC cut
 - fly path length matrix is similar as optics matrix but independent
 - Up to 2nd order of x_{pf} and th_{pf} is fine for us
 3. Fine bar offset and time walk correction using RF structure

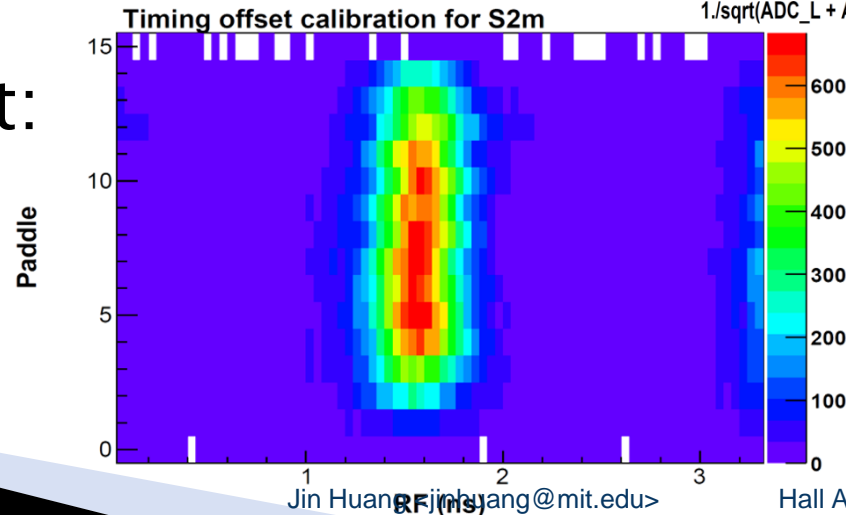
LHRS Timing Calibrations

by Chiranjib Dutta

- ▶ Time walk effect contribute to a $\sim 0.5\text{ns}$ long tail, corrected



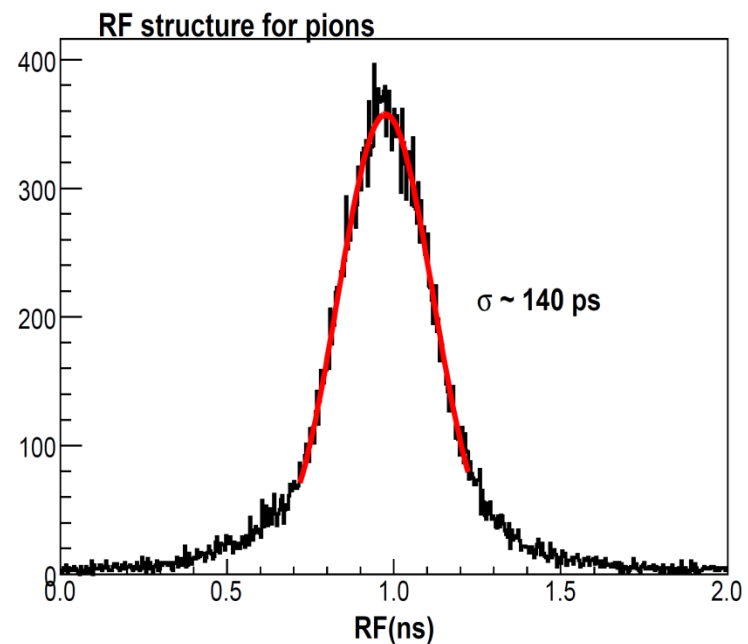
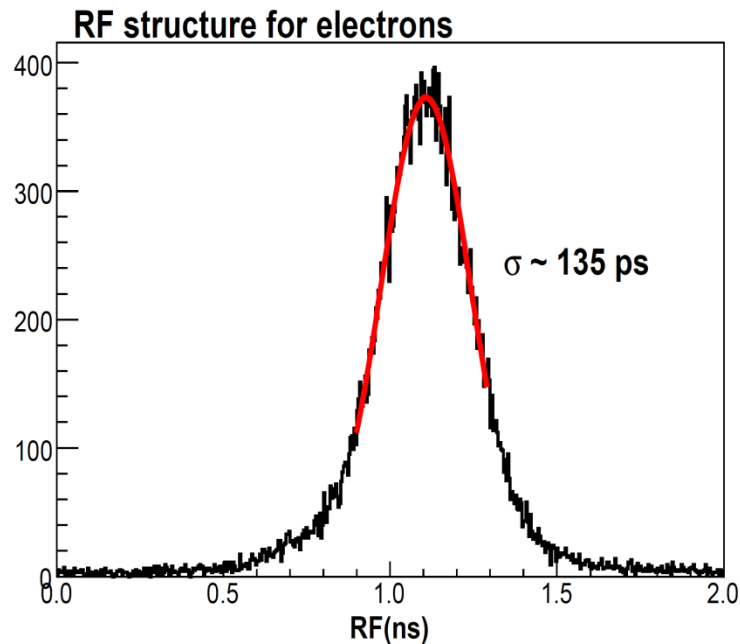
- ▶ Bar alignment:



LHRS single arm final

by Chiranjib Dutta

- ▶ Reached a 1σ resolution $\leq 140\text{ps}$
- ▶ Checked with RF Structure $\text{RF Time}_{\text{Spectrometer}} - t_{\text{RF}}$



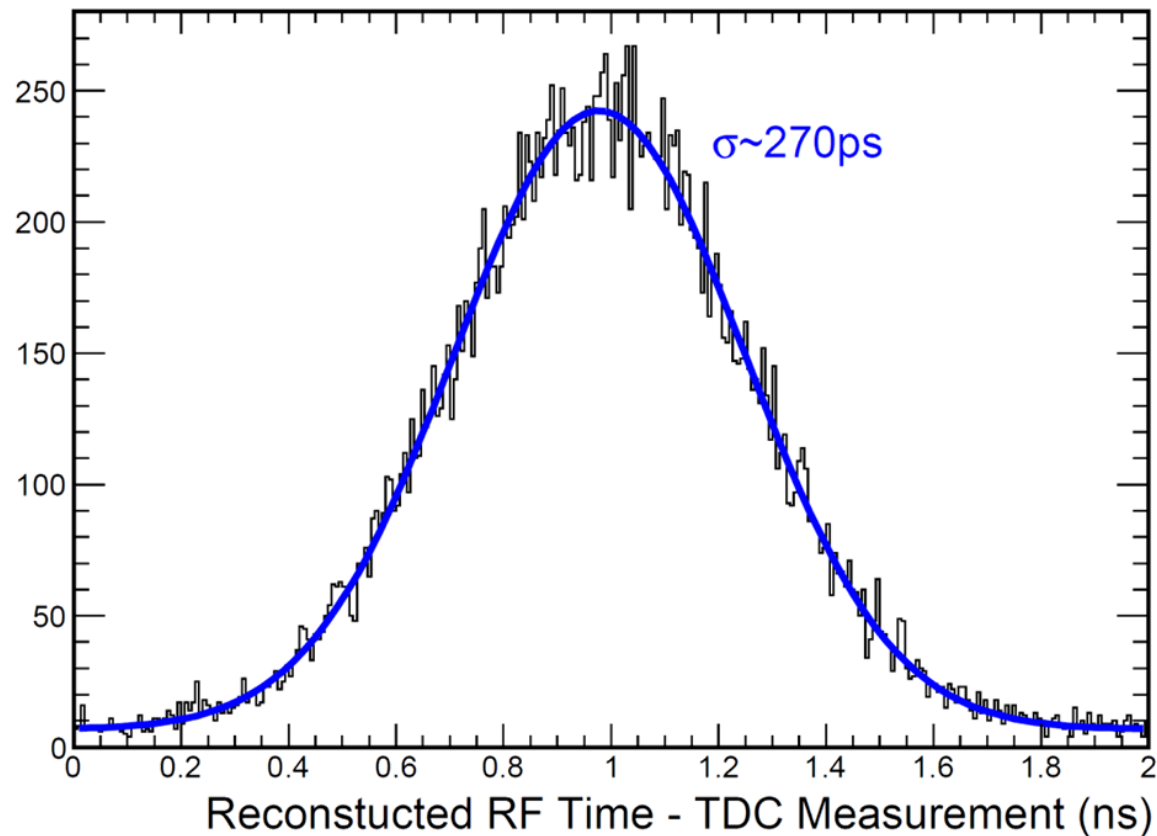
BigBite Timing

- ▶ Simpler due to
 - Short flight path, simple described by
$$\Delta L_{\text{time walk}}/c = 1.4 * \theta_{\text{MWDC}}$$
 - Similarity of particle speed (e & γ)
- ▶ Timing detector : BigBite Timing Plane
 - 13 scintillator bar behind shower detector
 - Resolution $\sim 230\text{ps}$
 - Larger but similar time walk effect for all PMTs
$$\Delta t_{\text{time walk}} = -17.9(\text{ADC} - \text{pedstal})^{-0.140}\text{ns}$$
 - Calibrated by minimizing timing difference between timing of neighbor bars when both hit

BigBite single arm final

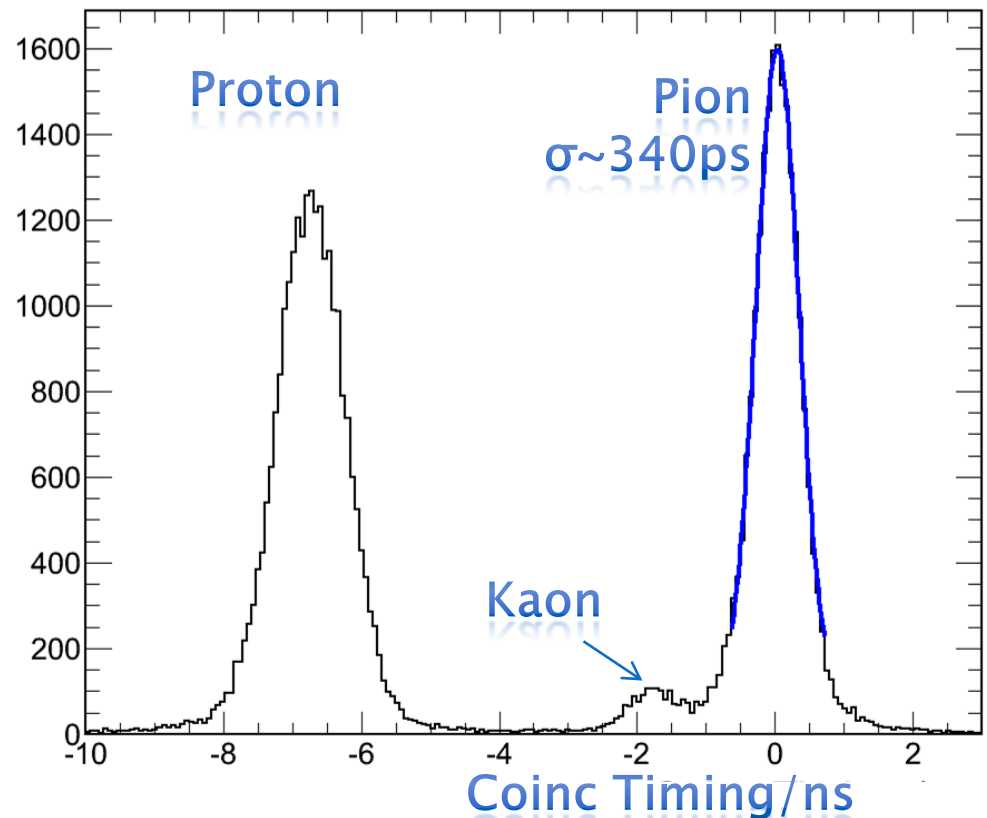
- ▶ Final electron timing resolution reached

$\sigma \sim 270\text{ps}$ Bigbite RF Structure



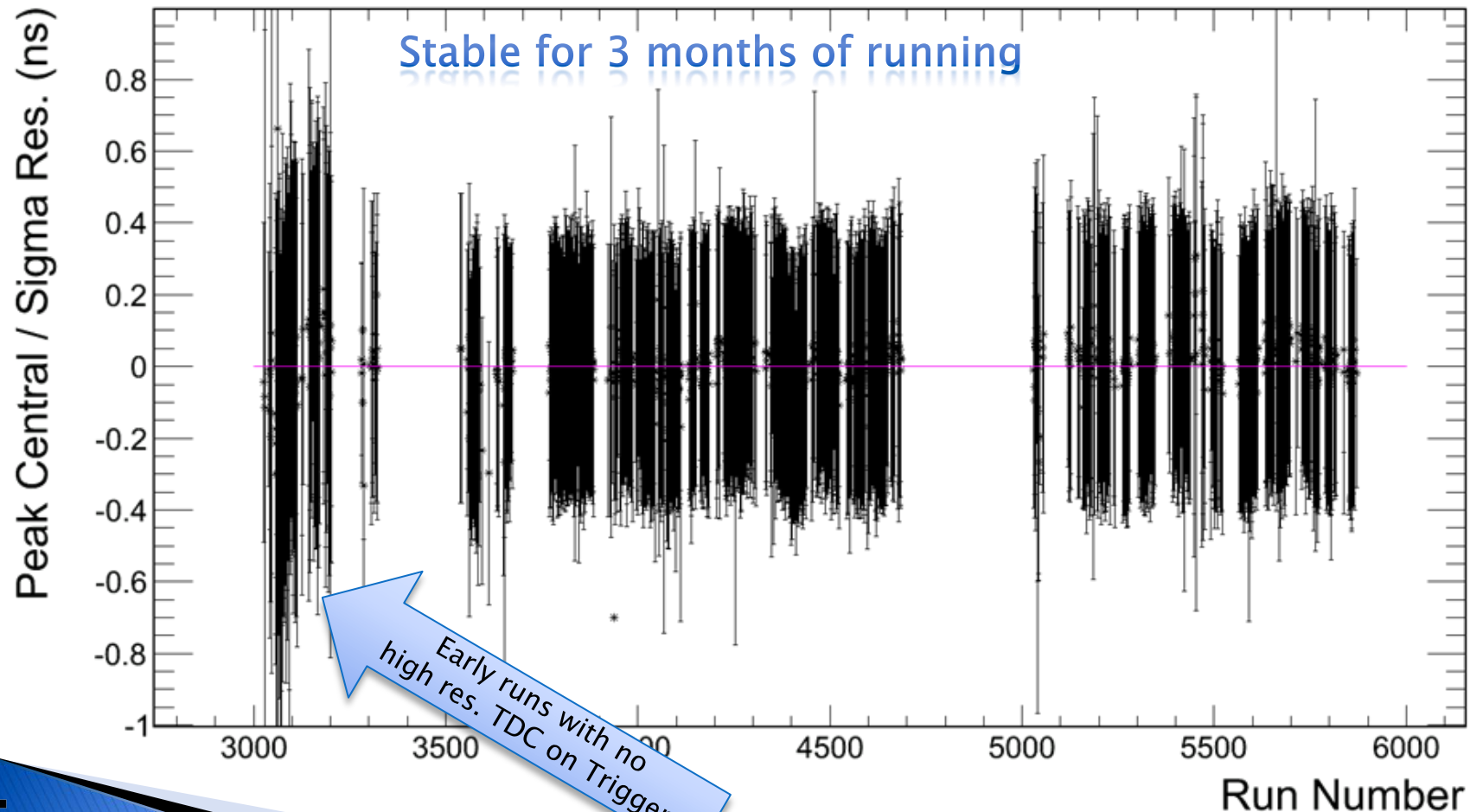
Combing \rightarrow CT

- ▶ Difference between two single arm trigger is measured by high res. TDC
- ▶ Compiling All Pieces:
 - $\sigma \sim 340\text{ps}$
 - Random Coinc Rej. 100:1
 - Pion Rej. from Kaon $> 25:1$
 - Also for (e, γ hadron) $\sigma \sim 400\text{ps}$



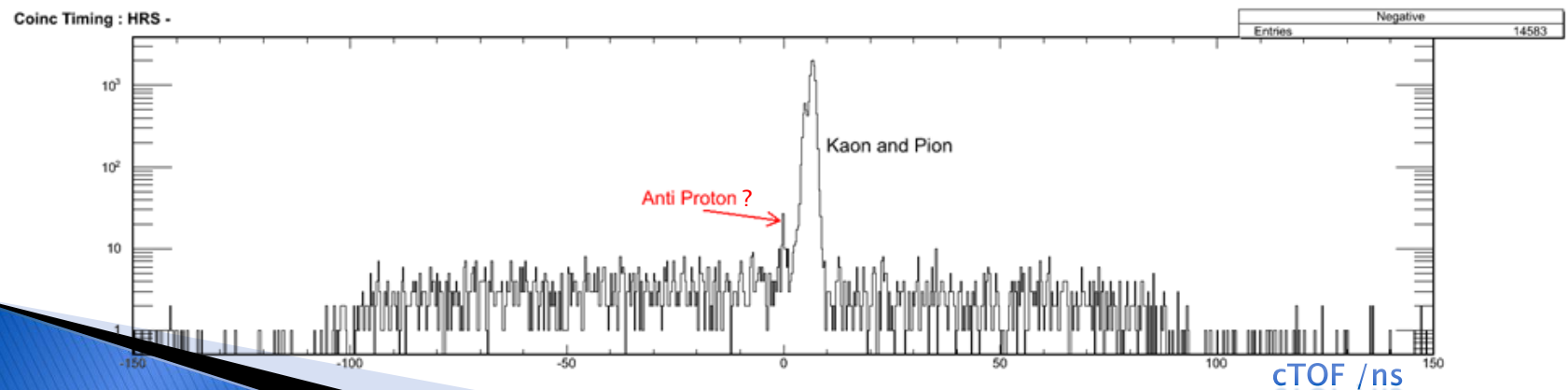
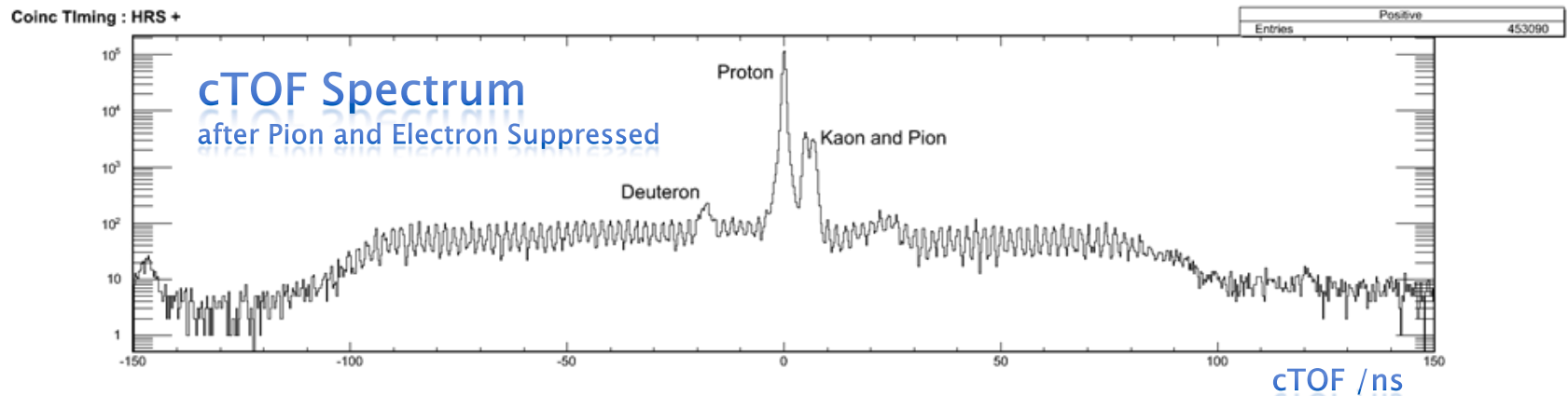
It's check run by run

Offset and Sigma Res. of (e'pi) Coinc peak



Fun part: Identifying more particle with CT?

- ▶ We can also identify **deuteron** and possibly **anti-proton?** from the (e,e'hadron) CT



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- Chiranjib Dutta
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QUESTIONS?